The

# CHEMIST AND DRUGGIST

for RETAILER - WHOLESALER - MANUFACTURER

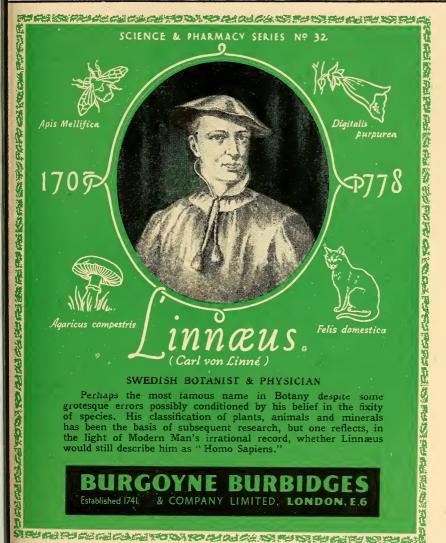
tablished 1859

28 Essex Street, Strand, London, W.C.2

Registered as a Newspaper

3376 . CXLII **OCTOBER 21, 1944** 

Annual Subscription (with Diary) 25/-. Single copies 9d.



Index to Advertisers pp. 5 & 6

# A New Parke Davis Product \*\* LERTIGON\*\*

(HISTAMINE AZOPROTEIN)

Extensive investigation during recent years supports the hypothesis that histamine released from tissue cells by an antigen-antibody reaction plays a fundamental role in anaphylaxis and allergy. Basing their work on the theory that an artificial immunity to histamine might be obtained by using a histamine-protein complex as an antigen, workers in the Parke-Davis Laboratories developed an antigenic complex by combining histamine with despeciated horse - serum globulin. This product, known as 'Lertigon,' is now available for supply to the medical profession in 5 c.c. vials.

Parke, Davis & Co., 50 Beak Street, London, W.1

Inc. U.S.A., Liability Ltd.

Milton Bulletin No. 24

P.A.T.A.

# "FIRST COME - FIRST SERVED"

Hitherto we have been able to fill all orders within a reasonable time of receipt, but owing to transport difficulties there is now some delay in deliveries to us of raw materials and dispatches to customers.

Chemists report difficulties in getting supplies from wholesalers, particularly of Milton Denture Powder. Wholesalers have co-operated with us n carrying additional stocks where these have been available, but the same difficulties arise now in connection with our dispatches to them and their dispatches to you.

You may, therefore, have to wait for deliveries from wholesalers, as well as from us, though every effort is being made to reduce the period of delay.

Meanwhile, direct orders will be executed by us as quickly as possible and n rotation as received. But please order early to avoid running out of stock. Except in the London area it is advisable to allow a month for the dispatch and delivery of orders. Look at your stocks now. It's a matter of "First Come—First Served."

# MILTON PRODUCTS-

Milton Ointment .. .. .. .. 7d.

Milton Dental Cream .. .. .. .. 1/2d.

(The above prices include Purchase Tax)

Milton Nasal Sprays ... .. ... ... 3/6d.

(Free of Tax)

All Milton Products may be included in the £2 and £5 Bonus Parcels.

Milton Antiseptic Ltd., Chapel Lane, Sands, High Wycombe, Bucks



for troubles that are skin deep



B.F.

IODIDE COMPOUND

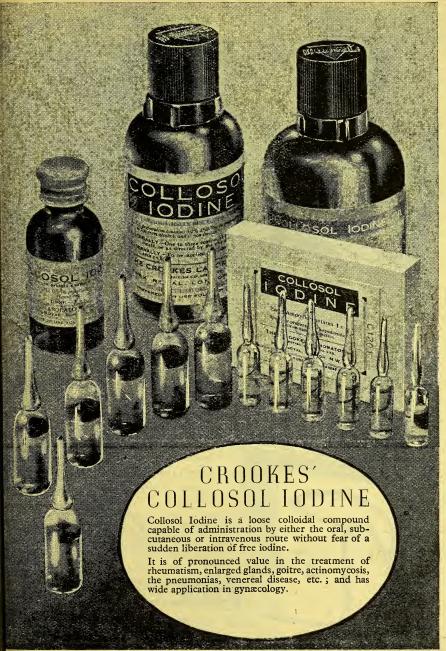
Abrasions, minor cuts and skin irritations heal mos satisfactorily when treated promptly with a soothing antiseptic dry dressing such as 'B.F.I' powder. This finely milled preparation has excellent spreading an clinging properties as well as the proper degree castringency necessary to reduce excessive secretion. It is easily applied.

'B.F.I' powder brings welcome relief in the local treatment of chafing and many other types of skin irritation including "athlete's foot", and may be relied upon to absorb excessive discharges without caking or formin hard crusts. Moreover, 'B.F.I' powder is especiall noted for its effectiveness in relieving the aching, burning sensation of tired feet.

Sharp & Dohme Ltd

HODDESDON

**HERTS** 



HE CROOKES LABORATORIES (British Colloids Ltd.) PARK ROYAL, LONDON, N.W.10





W J RENDELL LTD HARDWICK HOUSE : 161-5 ROSEBERY AVENUE LONDON E.C.I

# 6 precious VITAMINS in ONE capsule !



VYKMIN Multiple-Vitamin Capsules are sold in two sizes retailing at 6/- (30 capsules) and 9/6 (60 capsules). Full particulars from:—

Home Health Services, 132, Baker Street, London, W.1.

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The fact that goods made of raw materials in short supply owing to war conditions are advertised in this paper should not be taken as an indication that they are necessarily available for export.

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# MODERN"TEAT

The "Modern" Teat, which has become so popular with nursing Mothers, is to be taken off the market by the Ministry of Supply, on the grounds that the "Modern" Teat uses more crude rubber than other Teats, irrespective of their well known longer life.

The advertisement will reappear as a reminder until we can supply you.



- Ball Top, one-hole perforation ensuring constant and steady flow.
- Buffer shoulder protects baby's mouth.
- Tab enables teat to be slipped over bottle in an instant with minimum hand n.
- General Resiliency MAKES IT NECESSARY FOR EABY TO WORK JAWS THEREBY RE-SEMBLING THE NATURAL NIPPLE
- Collar ensures firm grip on bottle which CANNOT BE PULLED OFF BY BABY.
- Will stand repeated STERILIS-ATION.

## NEAREST TO NATURAL FEEDING

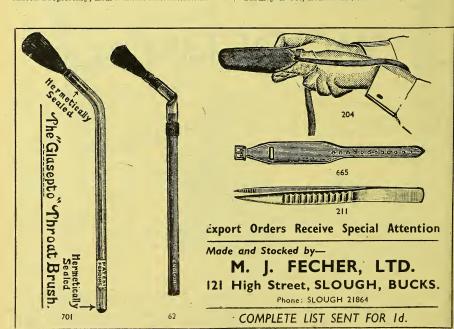
The "MODERN" Teat has been specifically designed to meet the needs both of MOTHER and BABY, and—what is of vital Importance in these days—it LASTS LONGER. It'is hygienic, odourless and tasteless.

THE CANNON RUBBER MANUFACTURERS LTD., LONDON, N.17

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# In constant!



What is your stock position? Is it time you ordered again? Supplies are not unlimited. By ordering well in advance you will lessen the risk of being out of stock through unavoidable delivery delays, and, at the same time, assist us to arrange an equitable distribution of available supplies. VENO, THERMOGENE, PHENSIC are firmly established, quick-selling, profitable lines. Order well ahead!

VENO DRUG CO. LTD. CHESTER ROAD MANCHESTER, 16

An organisation with long experience and modern equipment, aided by a highly technical staff under scientific control, and specializing in the manufacture of Pills and Tablets

PILLS

TABLETS



SOLVELLA

PHARMACEUTICALS

ARTHUR H. COX & CO. LTD.
BRIGHTON

MANUFACTURING CHEMISTS SINCE 1839



# THE QUALITY OF ALL MBL PRODUCTS IS ABSOLUTELY IDENTICAL WITH THAT OF PRE-WAR PREPARATION

because of our heavy purchases immediately before war broke out. Our stocks are still considerable and the high MBL standard will be fully maintained.

THERE IS NO SHORTAGE OF ANY OF OUR PREPARATIONS

				Retail		CHEMIST	rs' PRICE	
				Price	Per i	ınit .	Pe	r dozen
ANTIPEOL				(inclusive of Tax)	Net +	Purchase Tax	Net	+ Purchase Tax
OINTMENT	4 oz. tube	••	,	6/8½ 3/4½ 1/10½	4/2½ - 2/1½ - 1/2 -	+ 8½ + 4±	50/5 25/3 14/-	+ 8/5 + 4/3
LIQUID	20 gr. ,, 40 c.c. bottle			3/41/2	$\frac{1}{2}/\frac{1}{2}$	$+ 2\frac{1}{2}$ $+ 4\frac{1}{2}$	25/3	+ 2/4 + 4/3
OPHTHALMO	-ANTIPEOL							
20 gr. Nozzled Tube			••	3/41/2	2/I½ -	+ 4 <u>1</u>	25/3	+ 4/3
RHINO-ANTIF	EOL							
				2/9 <del>1</del>	1/9 -	⊢ 3է	21/-	+ 3/6
20 gr. Nozzled Tube		••		-//2	1//	J 2		T 3/0
ENTEROFAGO	S (ORAL AND)							
Box of 50 ampoules	•			19/-	$13/3\frac{1}{2}$	None	159/7	None
,, 10 ,, ,, 5 ,,		• •		. 2/6	3/ 1/9	None None	35/8 21/-	None None
DETENCY								
DETENSYL			-	39/	24/-	4/_	288/-	+ 48/-
Tin of 500 tablets. Tube of 50, , .		• • •		4/5½	$\frac{2}{8} = \frac{1}{2}$	- 4/- - 5½	32/4	+ 5/3
CT LANAFEL DA								
ST. JAMES' BA								
Tin of approx. $2\frac{1}{2}$ oz.	*			2/10 1/5	1/11 -	- 4	22/6 11/3	+ 3/9 + 1/11
Tube "		••		i/2	9 -	- 2	9/-	+ 1/6

Carriage paid on all orders of I dozen or £I and over.

Terms: NETT, monthly account.

MEDICO-BIOLOGICAL LABORATORIES LTD., LONDON, S.E.25

# **Aspro Limited**

The Ninth Annual General Meeting of Aspro, Limited, was held in London on October 17.

Mr. H. F. MIDDLETON (the chairman) presided.

The following is the Chairman's statement circulated with the report and accounts:—

In presenting the accounts for the year ended June 30, 1944, it is a matter of great satisfaction to your board and, I am sure, to all stock-holders that notwithstanding the great difficulties of the past twelve months we are again able to recommend the declaration of a final dividend on the Ordinary stock of 15 per cent., less tax, thus maintaining the total distribution for the year at 25 per cent., less tax. You will observe that the profit on trading and other income, after providing for Excess Profits Tax, is £292.912.

After deducting depreciation, directors' fecs, and pension fund contribution, amounting in the aggregate to £17,072, there remains a sum of £275,840, which, with the sum of £20,312 brought forward from last year, makes a total available balance of £296,152. £165,000 has been provided for income-tax, which covers the estimated liability on the profits of the company up to April 5, 1945. Your directors also recommend a transfer of £30,000 to general reserve.

### HOME AND EXPORT TRADE

The demand for our product in the home market continues as strong as ever. Although at times we have experienced difficulty in meeting the requirements of the public to the full in these strenuous days, "Aspro" maintains its reputation and favourable position, and the indications augur well for the future.

Last year I stressed the difficulties governing our export trade. During the past twelve months there has been little relaxation of the restrictions, and we have not made such advancement as we anticipated. All the same, we have missed no opportunity of supplying our customers' requirements when it has been possible, and our organisation at home and abroad has been maintained efficiently in readiness to take full advantage of all facilities immediately they are made available, with a view to recovery and further development of the markets to which we gave so much attention in the past.

### NEW MANAGING DIRECTORS

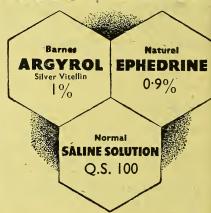
Since our last meeting Mr. F. S. Allwright and Mr. E. H. Neale, who have been associated with our business since its inception, and were original directors of this company, have been appointed managing directors. In view of the high reputation which they have established, both with their colleagues on the board and with the trade and public generally, it requires no words from me to commend these appointments to you. I will only say that I trust that their valued services in this important and responsible capacity may be available to the company for many years to come.

Many of the staff are still serving in H.M. Forces, and we look forward to their early return. To those who have remained to carry on, I am sure you would wish me to express appreciation for the very fine work they have done during the year.

The report and accounts were adopted, the retiring director re-elected, and the auditors reappointed.

A STABLE SOLUTION OF THESE
THREE COMPONENTS HAS BEEN
ACHIEVED IN

# ARGOTONE



Coctors and Pharmacists have long appreciated the value of Silver Vitellin as a nasal disinfectant and Ephedrine as a powerful and lasting congestion-relieving agent, but the combination into a stable solution in normal saline has been beyond the facilities of their dispensaries.

Now that a stable solution is available in Argotone, this antiseptic and decongestive compound provides the ideal treatment for COLDS, RHINITIS, ASTHMA, SINUSITIS, HAY FEVER, etc.

# **ARGOTONE**

NASAL DROPS

Retail 3/7 inc. tax. Trade 28/6 doz. plus tax, from your wholesaler.

RONA LABORATORIES LTD., 159, FINCHLEY ROAD, LONDON, N.W.3

# HARROGATE HEALTH SALTS



Supplies are restricted but orders are dealt with in rotation. You are invited to apply for a quota to the

Sole Selling Agents KORAY LTD., BLACKPOOL

Manufactured by

6/- per doz. (Purchase tax 1/-) Retail selling price 9d. (incl. tax).

17/- per doz. (Purchase tax 2/10) Retail selling price 2/- (incl. tax).

HARROGATE TABLET CO. LTD., HARROGATE

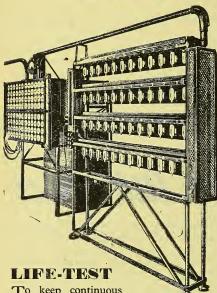


Remember, the story of Robert the Bruce and the Spider? The moral of that was-Patience. We really are sorry to ask you, but if your KORAY order for Powders or Tablets is delayed, or sometimes incomplete, do please remember that in fairness to the public we must distribute the supplies available evenly over the country. Realising that we have to cope with increasing demand, shortages of labour, transport difficulties, will you please be patient with us? Thank you.

> KORAY, LTD., LONDON & BLACKPOOL.



# RESEARCH REHIND LIGHTING



o keep continuous check on the "burnout" life of Mazda Lamps, batches of lamps, taken at random from normal production, are tested to destruction in the BTH Lamp Testing Laboratory.

In the equipment shown, the lamps under test are on the other side of the racks. Each lamp throws heat on to a highly ingenious thermal relay of BTH design. Each relay is connected to its own electric clock which automatically records the time of "burn-out."

This is just one of a multitude of scientific devices employed in the BTH Laboratories to maintain and improve the quality of Mazda Lamps.

BTH Research Laboratories have made an intensive study of both the physical and psychological aspects of lighting in wartime industry and their knowledge and experience are at the disposal of the principals of industrial undertakings through the Ma da Lighting Advisory Service.



The British Thomson-Houston Co., Ltd., Crown House, Aldwych, London, W.C.2.





Elliptical shaped. Special Coating. DELLIPSOIDS are specially indicated in cases where the ordinary tablet is not easily swallowed



D.2. TONIC

Calc. Gluconate	gr.3
Ferrous Sulph. exsicc	gr. 2
Concentrated Yeast (Standardised)	
	I.U.250
Strychnine hyd	gr. 1/280
Manganese and Copper	traces
Bottles of 30 Wholesale: 14/- do	z. Retail:

per bottle, 1/11 incl. 21d. P.T.

Other DELLIPSOIDS still available at present include: D.I. IRON AND YEAST. D.3. IRON. D.7. COLD. D.9. APERIENT. D.15. BRONCHIAL. D.17. ASTHMA. D.20. STOMACHIC. D.21A. TRI-VITAMIN. All DELLIPSOIDS are subject to 331% dis-

count off the retail price plus quantity discounts:  $2\frac{1}{2}\%$  on I doz. and 5% on 3 doz. bottles.

Further announcements concerning the range of DELLIPSOIDS will appear at frequent intervals.

# DAMANCY & CO. LTD.

Tel.: BYRon 1440 HIGH STREET ESTD. 1890 HARROW-ON-THE-HILL, MDX.



# The VITAMIN MALT FOOD With Guaranteed Complement of Vitamins A, B, C& D

JEFFREYS, MILLER & Co. Ltd. Leyland Mills, WIGAN. London Dept. 19 Brookside Road. N. 19

## THE NATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF OPTICIANS

The next Examination will probably be held at Liverpool, on Tuesday and Wednesday, December 12th and 13th, 1944.
Last date of entry is Saturday, NOVEMBER 11th.
SYLLABUS and ENTRANCE FORMS, etc., from SECRETARY, N.A.O., 130 Princes Road, Liverpool, 3



A STEADY INCOME

—is assured if you stock E.N.T. Powders and Capsules. Good stock, good formula and good profit bringers.

E.N.T. MANFG. Co. LTD. 431 Gloucester Rd. Bristol 7



We manufacture . . . rvery variety of give deliveries on time and invite enquiries for the Manufacturing & Wholesale Drug Trade The DALES ASPIRIN CO. (CONSTAN) SILSDEN, Nr. KEIGHLEY, Yorks

# Urgent

empty cases

# PLEASE

For some time past we have experienced considerable difficulty in despatching supplies of Andrews because of the acute shortage of cases.

# The position is NOW SERIOUS

and unless customers holding Andrews empty cases return them immediately a hold-up in deliveries will result. Your cooperation is requested. Postage or carriage will be credited.

# HOW TO SEND

Fold cases flat, flaps inside, tie up. Ready addressed gummed labels obtainable from our travellers, or direct from us. Up to 15 lbs., by post (state cost on label). Over 15 lbs.; by rail, c/fwd (or state cost on label).

# **ANDREWS**

SCOTT & TURNER, LTD.
Andrews House, Newcastle-upon-Tyne, 2

# CLANOID

MEDICINAL PRODUCTS

ANIMAL ORIGIN

\_\_o\_\_

Chemist Counter Lines
ARMOUR'S JUNKET PRODUCTS
(TABLETS, POWDER, ESSENCE)
GLANOID CALF'S FOOT JELLY
GLANOID BEEF JUICE

A FULL RANGE OF GLANDULAR PRODUCTS PREPARED FROM FRESH WARM GLANDS SUPPLIED IN AMPOULES, TABLETS, LIQUIDS AND CAPSULES

available in Package Form or Bulk Containers

Also PEPSIN all strengths

PEPTONE

both Bacteriological and Commercial

ADRENALIN B.P. 1932 (Pure)

PANCREATIN U-S-P

OX GALL Powdered Purified

**BILE SALTS POWDER** 

Send your enquiries to:

Armour Laboratories

THORNTON HOUSE-FINSBURY SQUARE-LONDON-E-C-2

'Phone Kelvin 3661

Grams
"Armosata-Phone " London

A Delicious **Body-building** Restorative & **Vitamin Food** for Infants, Children & Adults - at all Seasons

THE growing demand for 'Vimaltol,' due to its intrinsic merit, coupled with widespread advertising, offers the pharmacist an exceptional opportunity for profitable sales.

'Vimaltol' is a body-building, restorative and vitamin food possessing a delightfully sweet orange flavour which children find irresistible. In fact, 'Vimaltol' is as nice as the nicest jam.

The vitamins in 'Vimaltol' are supplied from specially prepared Malt Extract and Yeast, which is one of the richest natural sources of Vitamin B, together with Halibut Liver Oil fortified with additional vitamins. 'Vimaltol' thus possesses definite advantages for increasing strength and weight and fortifying the natural powers of resistance. It is a product of the highest quality, and its high concentration makes it very economical in use.

By ordering your stocks now and displaying 'Vimaltol' prominently you can take the fullest advantage of its rapidly increasing popularity.



Wholesale Prices: 1 lb. Jars, 27/-2 lb. Jars, 49/6 Exempt from Purchase Tax Retail Prices:

1 lb. Jars, 3/-2 lb. Jars, 5/6

For turther details write to: A WANDER LTD. King's Langley, Herts.



# PHOSFERINE

TABLETS and LIQUID

Phosferine is everyone's Tonic. The incalculable benefits to be derived from it are known all over the world. Continuous advertising is constantly creating new demands and today, when the benefits of Phosferine are being appreciated to a greater extent than ever, this helpful publicity is bringing you business which promotes Goodwill.

Keep up your stocks and keep up your profits

PHOSFERINE (Ashton & Parsons) Ltd., Phosferine Laboratories, King George's Avenue, Watford, Herts.



FRUIT

LAXATIVE

# SAMONA

75% OF YOUR CUSTOMERS NEED

The well known Restorative

This wonderful Medical Restorative BRINGS IMMEDIATE RELIEF IN ALL CASES OF NERVE STRAIN, DEPRESSION, TIRED and LISTLESS APPEARANCE, MENTAL and PHYSICAL EXHAUSTION.



SAMONA LTD., Northington House, Northington Street, LONDON, W.C.1

PRICES (including purchase tax)

3/5 and 5/7½

(more than double quantity)



There's always a need for Zubes

Cough Cure for some member of the family when cold and damp days come along. Pleasant to take—a great favourite with the children—its results are both effective and speedy.

That means consistent *repeat* sales all through the autumn and winter—and the spring too, if bad weather makes colds linger on. Don't miss your share of the big profits that Zubes Cough Cure brings. Strong advertising, week after week, all through the season, will keep the demand high.



Retailing at 1/3d. and 2/5d.

made by
F. W. HAMPSHIRE & Co. Ltd.

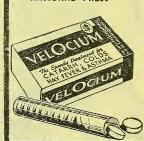
Manufacturing Chemists

DERBY

(Makers of the famous Zubes)

# STOCKS FOR OLD

NOW BEING WIDELY ADVERTISED IN THE NATIONAL PRESS



at our expense,

Old stocks of Velocium may remain on your shelves—let us have them back. We will repay all postage and replace free of cost. No shadow of doubt caused by supplies that have lost their full effect can be permitted to shake the public confidence. We are sparing no effort or expense to ensure the success of our new publicity campaign.

Velocium, the proved specific for Catarrhal or similar affections, will be in great demand. Get your share of this profitable business. Write for particulars and terms to:

Distributing 140 PARK LANE · LONDON · W.I Tel.: MAYfair 6756/7/8)

HAY FEVER, ASTHMA, etc.



Manufactured by BROOK, PARKER & CO. LTD. BRADFORD, ENGLAND.



INTMENT

Cuticura Ointment—and equally popular Cuticura Soap, Cuticura Talcum Powder and Cuticura Shaving Stick—are in demand from January to December. How are your stocks.



# 'THEOGARDENAL'

TRADE MARK

BRAND

theobromine and phenobarbitone tablets

'Theogardenal' continues to be prescribed by an increasing number of physicians, who find it a reliable product for the treatment of the symptoms of hypertension. Prescriptions for this product are almost invariably "repeat scripts" for it is usually necessary to give the drug over a long period.

Adequate supplies are available from your usual supplier in the following packings:—

Containers of 25 tablets - 3s. 9d. Containers of 100 tablets - 13s. 9d.

Containers of 500 tablets - 65s. 0d.

less the usual discounts and plus purchase tax.

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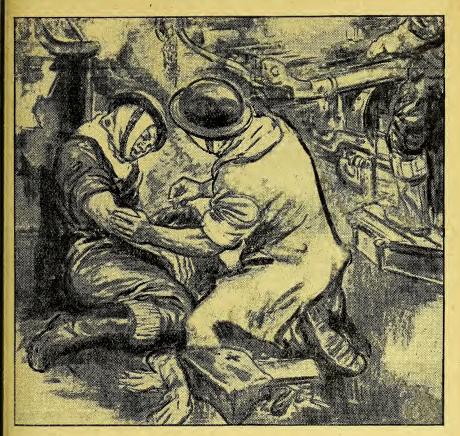
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# **NEWS OF THE WEEK**

P.A.T.A. Publicity.—A two-column article on the Proprietary Articles Trade Association appeared in the September 30 issue of the "Recorder."

Overseas Trade Statistics.—The President of the Board of Trade (Mr. Dalton) said on October 10 that he proposed to publish shortly particulars of United Kingdom export trade in 1943 and preceding years.

Small Shopkeepers Seek Double Quotas.—At Nottingham, recently, a conference of the National Union of Small Shopkeepers passed a resolution urging the Government to double the present quota of small traders whose turnover does not exceed £150 weekly.

Scientific Research Apparatus.—The Minister of Labour (Mr. Bevin) stated on October 5 that no particular restrictions are imposed on the supply of labour to makers of scientific research apparatus. Where appropriate, the Government Department concerned is consulted.

Sheffield Branch Officers.—Officers of the Sheffield Branch of the Pharmaceutical Society for 1944-45 are: Chairman, Mr. W. B. Dixon; Vice-chairman, Mrs. A. A. Jackson; Treasurer, Mr. C. P. Gilbert; Secretary, Mr. S. Durham, 29 Stephen Hill Hill Road, Sheffield, 10 (Telephone: 60637).

Bradford N.P.U. Branch.—The twenty-second annual meeting of the Bradford Branch of the National Pharmaceutical Union was held on October 12, when the following officers were elected: Chairman, Mr. B. W. Whittaker; Vice-chairman, Mr. E. S. Myers; Secretary, Mr. A. S. Davy; Committee, Messrs. Batley, Bolton, Sutcliffe and Brown.

Cartel Inquiry Urged.—At a conference in Manchester, recently, of members of the Chemical Workers' Union employed by Imperial Chemical Industries, Ltd., a resolution was passed urging that the effect of international cartels on post-war chemical production should be inquired into, with a view to ending any artificial restriction of the industry.

Eire Benevolent Fund Dance.—The annual dance in aid of the Benevolent Fund

of the Pharmaceutical Society of Ireland will be held at the Aberdeen Hall, Gresham Hotel, Dublin on December 12. Mr. Tim Gleeson succeeds Mr. Con Collis as chairman of the dance committee, with Miss C. O'Reilly as treasurer, and Miss K. O'Shea and Mr. David Murphy as secretaries.

Salford Receives DDT.—A small quantity of dichlordiphenyltrichlorethane has been placed at the disposal of the Salford Health Department for testing purposes. It will be applied to the disinfestation of houses. Outside London, Salford is the only authority so far to have been issued with the powder, which is in restricted supply owing to the war needs of the armies in the Middle and Far East.

Small Scottish Demand for Orange Juice.—The Ministry of Food, perturbed at the low percentage of Scottish mothers purchasing concentrated orange juice for their children, is to undertake a publicity campaign. Whereas national take-up figures show an average for the whole country of 63.9 per cent., the percentage figures for various Scottish areas are as follows: Glasgow, 39.3; Greenock, 25.4; Port Glasgow, 23.5; North-east Scotland, 36.4.

Retailers' Views on Social Security Plans.—The Council of Retail Distributors has raised three objections to the Government's social insurance proposals. They protest against the requirement that shopkeepers should pay 4s. 2d. weekly instead of the 3s. 1od. paid by employees; they point out that shopkeepers get no unemployment benefit if forced out of business; and complain that sickness pay commences only after four weeks, whereas employees are in benefit after three days.

Soap Substitutes.—Captain Gammans asked the Minister of Food on October 10 if the Soap Substitute (Labelling and Prices Order), 1943 (S. R. & O., 1943, No. 638), was intended to restrict, by licensing the use of labels, those who were allowed to distribute soap substitutes to any particular category or class or group of distributors and manufacturers. Mr. Mabane: I am not quite clear as to my hon. Friend's meaning, although on the interpretation I think he intends the answer would be "No, sir."

J.I.C. Decisions.—Mr. Mander asked the Minister of Labour on October 12 whether he would consider the advisability of introducing legislation to make the decisions of joint industrial councils legally enforceable throughout the industries concerned. Mr.

Bevin replied that, under the Conditions of Employment and National Arbitration Order, 1940, employers were required to observe such recognised terms and conditions of employment in the trade or industry in the district as had been settled by representative joint machinery. He was considering what further provision should be made to meet the requirements of the post-war position, but was not yet able to make a statement on the subject.

Somerset N.P.U. Branch.—The Somerset Branch of the National Pharmaceutical Union met at Taunton on October 12, to discuss the agendas of the forthcoming conferences of Pharmaceutical Committees and of N.P.U. branch delegates. Mr. H. S. Hoyles presided, and a discussion of the various resolutions was ably led by Mr. Rex Maunder, Taunton. The proposed 48-hour week was agreed to, with overtime for all at time-and-a-quarter and double pay on Sundays and Bank Holidays. A resolution that if, under the new National Health Service, doctors are still permitted to supply medicines in remote areas, the death certificate should never be signed by the doctor or partnership of doctors providing the medicines was carried unanimously.

Nuffield Gift for 'Students' Hostel.—The Nuffield Foundation has made a donation of £225,000 towards an appeal for £725,000 for the completion and endowment of a hostel in London to accommodate between 250 and 300 students, mostly from the Dominions. It is also announced that the Nuffield trustees propose to set aside a large sum annually to assist persons likely to become teachers and research workers in medicine and science. Provision will be made for men and women from Britain to receive abroad the training and experience they need, as well as for bringing to Britain able men and women from other parts of the Commonwealth who desire opportunities for study. The trustees will aim at securing a common policy for medical and scientific research throughout the Commonwealth.

Cocoa Control to Continue.—A Government White Paper on cocoa control in West Africa proposes that the system of buying and marketing which has been followed during the war shall be continued in the future. Under this system all cocoa is bought at uniform prices, fixed seasonally, and sold in the world markets by organisations created for the purpose. It is suggested that, from the beginning of the 1945–46

season, organisations empowered by law to buy total local production of cocoa should be established in the Gold Coast and Nigeria, that prices paid to producers should be prescribed, and that the organisation should be responsible for the disposal of stocks. To provide the necessary funds it is proposed to make use of profits already realised on the cocoa account of the West African Produce Control Board. In the period 1939–43 the net excess of receipts over expenditure was £3,676,253.

Epsom Salts in Lemon Beverage.-The Birmingham City Analyst, in his annual report recently issued, makes reference to a substance described as "a lemon-flavoured beverage" which he found to be rather more than one-fifth Epsom salts. A complaint was made that an article described as a "lemon-flavoured beverage powder" had a bitter taste when dissolved in water in the proportion indicated on the label. Samples of the powder were bought from three separate retailers, and analysis showed that the article contained 76 to 77 per cent. citric acid, 5 to 7 per cent. sodium chloride, and 21 to 22 per cent. magnesium sulphate. This seemed a curious composition for a powderintended for use in making a beverage, for two teaspoonfuls contained the minimum dose of Epsom salts. The makers wrote that the salts were introduced with the object of improving the flavour. packers were asked to state on the label that magnesium sulphate was present, with a statement of the quantity.

Business Letters to Italy.—The Board of Trade announces that, by arrangement with the Postmaster-General, a general licence has been issued authorising business correspondence with liberated Italy. The step is in accordance with a joint statement by the Prime Minister and President Roosevelt that the application of the Trading with the Enemy Acts should be modified to enable business contacts with Italy to be resumed for the benefit of the Italian people. Similar action has been taken in the United States. British and Italian firms may now exchange business information with a view to the future resumption of business relationships, but the resumption of private trade is not yet permissible. Italian-owned property in the United Kingdom continues to be under the control of the Trading with the Enemy Department and the Custodian of Enemy Property. Arrangements have been made for the release of British-owned property in Italy to its original owners or their authorised agents.

World Standard for Penicillin.—An attempt to establish a world standard for penicillin was initiated by leading scientists from many countries at a meeting which opened in London on October 16. Convened by the League of Nations Health Organisation, the meeting took place at the Royal Society, Burlington House, Sir Henry Dale (president of the society) in the chair. delegates were: Australia.-Major J. L. Bazeley (Commonwealth Serum Laboratories). CANADA.—Dr. G. D. W. Cameron (Chief Laboratory of Hygiene, Department of Pensions and National Health, Ottawa). France.—M. le Dr. J. Trefouel (director of the Pasteur Institute, Paris). UNITED KINGDOM.—Dr. C. R. Harington (National Institute of Medical Research) and Dr. J. W. Trevan (Wellcome Physiological Research Laboratories). United States. —Dr. R. D. Coghill (Northern Regional Research Laboratory, Peoria, Illinois), Dr. R. P. Herwick (Chief of the Drug Division of the Food and Drug Administration), and Dr. M. V. Veldee (Chief, Division of Biologics Control, United States Public Health Service). Countries which sent observers included India and South Africa.

Pharmacy Refresher Courses.-The draft syllabus for refresher courses for ex-Service pharmacists, as submitted to the Pharmaceutical Society's Council, is as follows:-Theory.—The various changes introduced by the Addenda to the British Pharmacopœia (or a new British Pharmacopœia) and the British Pharmaceutical Codex, with particular emphasis on sterilisation methods, galenicals, compressed tablets, immunological products, surgical dressings sutures. New emulsifying agents (including their use in ointment bases), disinfectants and antiseptics. An elementary consideration of the new drugs of the Addenda and Codex, including their action and uses, the important standards of purity, their stability and compatibility. A general review of the developments which have occurred in vitamins and hormones. A consideration of any recent changes in forensic pharmacy and in retail pharmacy as affected by war-time conditions. Practical.—A short refresher course in ordinary dispensing and a more extensive course in the preparation of sterile solutions and material. The use of the new emulsifying agents such as the higher fatty alcohols and their sulphurated products, wool alcohols, etc., in the preparation of creams and ointments. A short course in the pharmaceutical chemistry to illustrate the theoretical part of the syllabus.

# SOLID INSTEAD OF LIQUID MORYL

JUDGMENT was reserved at Oxford recently when a claim against Savory & Moore, Ltd., manufacturing chemists; Dr. Arbad Lovas; Sister J. C. Butler, Cowley Road Hospital, Oxford; and the Oxford Corporation, for damages arising from the death in hospital of a Flight-Sergeant following an injection of a drug alleged to be 400 times stronger than the correct dose, was heard. The action was brought by the Flight-Sergeant's widow. Evidence was given that an injection of Moryl was ordered, and counsel for the prosecution stated that the drug was prepared in liquid and powder form, the powder being 400 times as strong as the liquid. The case against the doctor was that he ordered an injection of a dangerous drug without specifying the quantity to be given, and against the nurse that, though the dosage was stated on the box, she gave an injection which was 400 times too strong. The makers were alleged to have issued a pamphlet suggesting a method of use that was unsafe. For Messrs. Savory & Moore, counsel said that it was regrettable that the circular, which was in the box containing solid Moryl, was included. The words on the circular were mainly a description of the nature of the drug, but there were suggestions for dosage which, in fact, applied only to the weak solution. It would have been much better if the suggestions as to dosage had been omitted or amplified by a reference to the drug in solid form. Savory & Moore, Ltd., supplied the drug only to the medical profession and pharmacists.

Mr. Justice Hilbery: You say that Messrs. Savory & Moore intend and anticipate that persons expert in the use of drugs will be intermediaries between them and any consumer?—Yes, certainly.

Mr. Samuel Gordon Stevenson (the company's factory manager) gave evidence that Moryl was not sold to the general public, and literature relating to it was addressed to the medical profession. Cross-examined for Dr. Lovas, he agreed that at the inquest he had said that if a hospital ordered Moryl the liquid form would be sent unless crystals were asked for. He admitted that the hospital staff would be entitled to assume that they were getting liquid Moryl. Replying to counsel for Sister Butler, Mr. Stevenson said he thought it was the duty of drug manufacturers to consider whether or not it was probable that the form in which they sent out their preparations might mislead

someone into making a dangerous use of the drug. The circular enclosed in the box was not intended to be specific directions, but merely guidance to doctors.

but merely guidance to doctors.

Counsel representing Oxford Corporation asked if it was an indication that from a half to one ampoule might be given by subcutaneous injection with perfect safety.

—It had been assumed, said Mr. Stevenson, that the medical man reading the directions would interpret them intelligently. Before the death of Flight-Sergeant Simpson there was no evidence as to the quantity of Moryl which a person could take and survive. He agreed that, in view of what had happened, it was not wise to pack both liquid and solid Moryl in ampoules which were in boxes of the same colour and bearing the same coloured label. Dr. Lovas, a Czech, gave evidence that, until after deceased's death, he was unaware that Messrs. Savory & Moore packed crystal Moryl in ampoules. It was recognised in the profession, he said, that an ampoule contained only one dose. Crossexamined, he reiterated that when he ordered that the patient should be given an ampoule of Moryl he had never seen the drug in crystalline powder form in an ampoule. At the conclusion of the legal arguments, Mr. Justice Hilbery reserved judgment.

# LEGAL REPORTS

A Disclaimer.—We have been asked by W. J. Bush & Co., Ltd., Ash Grove, Hack ney, London, E.8, to correct any impressior that might have been conveyed by the reported statement of Mr. Granville Slinr (C. & D., October 7, p. 370) alleging that he was an agent of the company. Messrs Bush state that Mr. Granville Slinn has never been their agent, and has never beer asked to pay purchase tax for them.

Paper in Hair Sachets.—At Southport recently, Waveley Products, Ltd., Wes Street, Southport, were fined £50, with £10 10s. costs, for producing 8,000 gros hair sachets in contravention of th Control of Paper Order, 1942. Mr. A. V Cunliffe, defending, said the Order stated that no one could produce hair sachet containing paper unless the whole of the paper used had been acquired, cut, and prepared before November 1941. His client purchased the specially-prepared paper for making the sachets before thad date. All that had been done was to have i printed and cut into the required size.

# **TOPICAL REFLECTIONS**

**Aperients** 

The section of the current Ministry of Health Bulletin to Pharmacists headed "Constipation Remedies" (p. 408), is a useful summary of a topical subject. Recently the tendency has been to reduce the dosage of popular aperients, under which general term may be included a wide range of laxatives, strong and mild. (In mediæval England "laxative" had not its present shade of meaning.) The cautionary remarks regarding liquid paraffin are worth emphasising, and your readers may with advantage turn to your issue of January 24, 1942, where they will find a page (p. 116) devoted to the question. The article there abstracted mentions a syndrome, "which for lack of a better term may be called mineral oil poisoning," caused by the continued oral administration of liquid paraffin-functioning in such circumstances as a deleterious substance. As a normal policy, customers may be recommended to take small doses of their selected aperient, so as to minimise the occurrence of undesired by-effects. The choice of a regular "stand-by" may present considerable difficulty, as idiosyncrasy counts for much in this matter. Customers should be tactfully induced to avoid frequent changes of medicament, and to try the effect of varying the time of administration before choosing some new candidate for selection. In leaving this subject I may point out that the term "hydragocathartics" has apparently been introduced to classify the four purgatives mentioned on p. 409; are we to infer that their action is precisely similar?

Drug Control in India

The "recommendations and suggestions" drawn up by the Pharmaceutical Export Group for the assistance of Indian legislators in establishing a control of drug manufacture in that vast country (p. 405) form a valuable contribution to a difficult subject. In your weekly news the conditions of the drug and chemical trades in India have from time to time been made clear by speakers engaged in one or both of those trades. On referring to the two last-reported annual meetings of the Indian Chemical Manufacturers' Association, I notice that although the war has given an impetus to the development of pharmaceutical industry, there is still ample scope for progress in the manufacture of the chemicals needed. Basic industries not being fully organised as yet, the future of others depending on

them remains uncertain. The resources of the Indian Board of Scientific and Industrial Research are said to be inadequate, and the proportion of raw materials necessarily imported is put at the high figure of 95 per cent. It is against this background that the problem of production must be viewed; and we may hope that practical steps to solve it will be taken as a result of the visit of Indian scientists to this country just begun. With your remarks on the advantage of the simple definition of wholesale dealing recommended by the Pharmaceutical Export Group I entirely agree. In Great Britain we have a needless complication in this respect, as a perusal of Memorandum No. 2 of the Home Office on the provisions of the Pharmacy and Poisons Act, 1933, suffices to show.

### A Cultural Note

The importance of attending meetings, or at any rate some meetings, of chemists' associations has never, I believe, been more deftly conveyed than in the fifth instalment of "The Saga of Strathpeffer" (p. 410). The quotations from three stylists of such eminence as Carlyle, Thackeray, and Hooker strike a cultural note that some of your readers may like to exploit by tracing these passages to their respective sources. The Carlyle quotation sent me to my copy of "Sartor Resartus" (unopened, probably, for many years), and without much difficulty I located the passage in Chapter VII of Book II; but the other two I was unable to identify. Is Carlyle read today except for purposes of study? He has neither worn so well as his Victorian admirers expected, nor faded so completely as contemporary detractors predicted. Beneath his forceful personality and the rugged idiom that he evolved, there was a core of genuine learning and of capacity to appraise the work of others. In his "French Revolution," a transcription of history as "seen by flashes of lightning," as someone has said, his method was From middle life brilliantly successful. onwards his great qualities were clouded by a curious obsession in favour of so-called strong men, resulting, inter alia, in the glorification of the Prussian king commonly known in this country as Frederick the But through all mutations he unceasingly advocated hard work: that fact cancels much adverse criticism of him, past and present. And, like a good orator, he practised what he preached. Xrayser

## TRADE NOTES

Enema Syringes.—A range of enemas in four qualities, boxed and neatly labelled, is offered by James Macdonald, Dawson Street, Greengate, Salford, 3. Prices are listed elsewhere in this issue.

Widely Advertised.—"Strong" advertising, week after week throughout the season, is referred to by F. W. Hampshire & Co., Ltd., Derby, in an announcement relating to Zubes cough cure on another page.

Herbal Laxative.—Bees', Ltd., seed and plant specialists, Mill Street, Liverpool, are issuing under the name Herbax a mixture of crushed herbs intended for use in constipation and associated troubles. The preparation is issued in attractively cartoned paper bags. Terms may be had on application to the makers.

Refund Offer.—In a nation-wide press campaign, Knox Laboratories, Ltd., 81 Lamb's Conduit Street, London, W.C.I, make an offer to customers to refund the purchase price in the event of dissatisfaction with their specialities, Cystex tonic for kidneys and bladder, and Mendaco remedy for asthma, bronchitis and hay fever.

Medicinal Capsules.—A request to chemists to send in orders for gelatin capsules with a maximum allowance of time in which to execute orders is made by Robert Ferber, Ltd., Carlton Works, Asylum Road, London, S.E.15, who particularly ask that no orders shall be sent for halibut liver oil capsules by chemists who are not entitled to an allocation on a basis of purchases during the 1940 season.

# **Business Changes**

Boots, Ltd., have opened new premises at 50-51 Biggin Street, Dover.

RICOMAN, LTD., have removed to 15A Henrietta Place (corner Marylebone Lane), London, W.I.

Grattan & Co., Ltd., chemists, Corn Market, Belfast, have opened a branch at 199 Lisburn Road, Belfast.

Mr. Norman H. Burns, M.P.S., has acquired the business of Mr. Nathaniel Newborn Armitage, Ph.C., 114 Tong Road, Leeds.

ARTHUR BRANWELL & Co., LTD., have removed to Fenton House, 112-13 Fenchurch Street, London, E.C.3. Telephone: Royal 6021-24.

## COMPANY NEWS

STAINES DRUG STORES, LTD. (P.C.).—Capital £100. Wholesale and retail chemists, druggists, etc. Louis N. Amiee, 9 Amberden Avenue, London, N.3, director.

SHARLANDY CHEMICAL Co., LTD. (P.C.).—Capital £1,000. Chemists, druggists, etc. Directors are to be appointed. Solicitors: Reynolds & Gorst, London, W.C.2.

HERBROS, LTD. (P.C.).—Capital £100. Manufacturers of and dealers in chemicals, drugs, etc. Directors to be appointed. Solicitors: Buckeridge & Braune, London, W.C.2.

BIOREX LABORATORIES, LTD. (P.C.).—Capital £1,000. Manufacturers, exporters, and importers of and dealers in chemicals, drugs, etc. Directors to be appointed. R.O.: 65 Uffington Road, West Norwood, London, S.E.17.

OXYDENAIRE (BIRMINGHAM), LTD. (P.C.).—Capital £1,000. Manufacturers of and dealers in oxygen tents, supplies and requisites, and medical and hospital equipment, etc. George W. and S. Douglas Higgs, directors. Solicitors: Cohen & Cohen, 112 Salisbury House, London, E.C.2.

Markwell Edwards & Co., Ltd. (P.C.).
—Capital £2,000. Manufacturing and dispensing chemists, manufacturers of and dealers in toilet goods, proprietary articles, etc. Cyril Edwards, Graham B. Cooper, and Thomas J. Scrine, directors. R.O.: 589 High Road, Finchley, London, N.12.

VOLUNTARY LIQUIDATION.—Mumford & Co., Ltd., chemists, 4 Victoria Terrace, Hove. A meeting of creditors was held recently, when it was stated that the shareholders had previously met and passed the necessary resolution for the voluntary winding up of the company, and had nominated Mr. B. J. M. Boyd, 229 High Holborn, London, W.C., as liquidator. Statement of showed liabilities amounting to £35,678, with assets estimated to realise £6,085. The company was incorporated in October 1930 for the purpose of taking over a business previously carried on by Mr. Mumford, sen. Details of trading were not available. Following the imposition of a fine of £15,000, the sheriff had been in possession. A resolution was passed confirming the voluntary liquidation, with Mr. Parkin S. Booth, 14-17 Holborn Viaduct, London, E.C., as liquidator, with a committee. The business and its branches will be carried on by the liquidator with a view of disposing of them as going concerns.

# **PERSONALITIES**

Mr. Leonard Hayward, M.P.S., Musvell Hill, gave an address to the local rotary Club recently on "The Romance f Pharmacy."

Mr. R. A. Ashworth, manager of the olne, Lancs, branch of Boots, Ltd., gave n address to the local Rotary Club recently n "Poisons and Poisoners."

MR. C. FRY, M.P.S., Southsea, has had we photographic studies reproduced in he October issue of the "P.D.A. Journal," he organ of the Photographic Dealers' Association.

ALDERMAN EDWIN THOMPSON (governing lirector, Thompson & Capper, Wholesale, .td., and Manesty Machines, Ltd., Liverool) has presented an automatic water still to the Walton Hospital, Liverpool.

MR. W. F. LUTYENS, a director of Imperial Chemical Industries, Ltd., is one of the four new members of the Advisory Council to the Committee of the Privy Council, for Scientific and Industrial Research.

Professor A. V. Hill, F.R.S., M.P., who delivered an address on "Science in India" at an adjourned meeting of the Society of Chemical Industry in London, on October 13, was awarded the Messel medal.

MR. H. Humphreys Jones, Ph.C. (principal of the Liverpool School of Pharmacy), has been elected chairman of the English Churches Council of the Presbyterian Church of Wales and president of the English Conference of the denomination.

MR. NATHANIEL NEWBORN ARMITAGE, Ph.C., an ex-president of the Proprietary Articles Trade Association, has retired from business after disposing of his pharmacy at 114 Tong Road, Leeds (see p. 422). The business was opened by Mr. Armitage's father in 1884.

Mr. A. Aldington, M.P.S., Tottenham, and Mr. John Martin, M.P.S., Leek, are among photographers whose work has been selected for exhibition at the London Salon of Photography. Mr. Leek is also represented at the exhibition of the Royal Photographic Society.

MR. PATRICK J. LYNCH, who has been appointed warehouse manager to P. C. Cahill & Co., Ltd., wholesale and manufacturing chemists, Dublin, served his apprenticeship with Mr. E. P. Magee, Kells, co. Meath, and gained further experience

in the pharmacies of Mr. T. Corcoran, North Strand, Dublin; Dr. Haverty, Bray; and Mr. W. Gannon, Portlaoighise. He has had many years' wholesale experience with the firm of Boileau & Boyd, Ltd., Dublin, and is a native of Oldcastle, co. Meath.

MR. ALEXANDER D. CAMPBELL, Ph.C., M.P.S., was recently appointed a Deputy Director of Medical Supplies, Ministry of Supply. Mr. Campbell served his apprenticeship with Mr. Charles Clark, Blairgowrie, and received his training at the Technical College, Dundee, joining the medical department of the War Office in 1925.

Mr. Milo Turner, M.P.S., 28 George Street, Tamworth, Staffs, has been chosen as mayor-elect of the borough. He has served on the local council for twelve-and-a-half years as a member for Bolehall ward, and has been in business in Tamworth for twenty years. Mr. Turner has been chairman of the public health committee of the council for six years, and chairman of the Letchworth and Tamworth assessments appeal committee. On October 4 he was installed W.M. of the Alchemy Lodge of Freemasons, and is a member of the Staffs County Pharmaceutical Committee, as well as a past-president of Tamworth Chamber of Trade.

MAJOR DESMOND GILBERT CROMIE WHYTE, M.B., B.Ch., R.A.M.C., second son of Mr. J. M. Whyte (managing director, Whyte, Reid & Mitchell, Ltd., manufacturing chemists, Belfast), The Laurels, Church Road, Helen's Bay, co. Down, has recently been awarded the Distinguished Service Order. Major Whyte was medical officer of a Medical Dressing Station overseas and the award, states the citation, was for "complete disregard of his personal safety."

... "He treated patients and went out on shell and machine-gun swept slopes to collect and treat them." Major Whyte's dressing station was subject to "continual attack by enemy infantry, mortars, machine-guns, artillery and aircraft. Twelve patients and stretcher bearers were killed in the immediate vicinity of Major Whyte, who continued to work as if nothing was happening." "Throughout Major Whyte has shown a spirit of courage beyond all praise," concludes the citation, "and his total disregard of personal safety was an inspiration to all." Major Whyte was previously mentioned in dispatches (C. & D., August 26, p. 215).

## BIRTH

MUNRO.—At Ellwyn, Airywigg Drive, Eaglesham, on October 4, Mary, the wife of A. T. Munro, M.P.S., 41 Sinclair Drive, Glasgow, of a son.

## MARRIAGE

Nelson—Chapman.—At St. Columba's Church, Pont Street, London, S.W., on October 14, Lieutenant Philip H. Nelson, R.E.M.E., Belgrave Road, London, S.W., to Jean Birgitte Chapman, eldest daughter of Mr. H. E. Chapman, J.P., M.P.S. (secretary, Proprietary Articles Trade Association), and Mrs. Chapman, The Mill House, Tempsford, Beds.

## **DEATHS**

BLAKE.— In April 1944, Flying-Officer Robert Johnstone Blake, M.P.S., R.A.F.-V.R., 32 Hill Street, Wishaw, Lanarks. Flying-Officer Blake qualified in 1939.

Moorhouse.—On September 28, Mr. Walter Moorhouse, Huntbridge House, Matlock Green, Matlock, aged ninety. Mr. Moorhouse qualified as a chemist and druggist in 1873.

SAUNDERS.—In action in Italy, during September, Lieutenant Albert Henry Saunders, M.P.S., R.A.M.C., 20 Longfellow Avenue, Bath, aged twenty-nine. Lieutenant Saunders qualified in 1038.

SMITH.—At 63 Lyric Road, Barnes, London, S.W.13, on October 14, Mr. Frederick J. Smith, F.N.A.A. (Orridge & Co., chemists' transfer agents, London), aged sixty-three.

WEST.—On September 16, Mary Aileen West, M.P.S., 81 Goldington Road, Bedford, aged forty-four.

### WILLS

Mr. Joseph Marsden, M.P.S., 21 Wheathouse Terrace, Birkby; Huddersfield, left £2,393, with net personalty £2,344.

Mr. Herbert Davies, 123 Holden Road, Woodside Park, London, N., late partner in Slann & Davies, drug merchants, London, left £28,250, with net personalty £27,482.

Mr. Eric Elsdyle Morgan, Elsdyle, Radlett Road, Boreham Wood, Herts, managing director of the General Surgical Co., Ltd., left £4,348, with net personalty £2,524.

Mr. Hugh Arnold Alderdice, 129 Strand Road, Sandymount, Dublin, late senior representative of Boileau & Boyd, Ltd., manufacturing chemists, Dublin, left personal estate in England and Eire valued at £3,142.

MR. EDWARD JOSEPH SHORTT, drug and chemical merchant, 89 Woodcote Road, Wallington, Surrey, formerly a director of the Old Strand Chemical & Drug Co., Ltd., who died on June 5, left £1,722, with net personalty £1,634.

FLYING-OFFICER FREDERIC WILLIAM BILSON, M.P.S., R.A.F.V.R., I Lansdowne Crescent, Bournemouth, son of the late Mr. F. E. Bilson (a past-president of the Pharmaceutical Society), left £11,255, with net personalty £6,184.

## **COMING EVENTS**

## Sunday, October 22

Manchester Pharmaceutical Association. Ramble to Chinley, Chapel, and Great Hucklow. Meet Central Station, 8.30 a.m. Book Chinley return. Inquiries to W. Edwards, Old Trafford.

## Monday, October 23

FOOD EDUCATION SOCIETY, London School of Hygiene and Tropical Medicine, Keppel Street, Gower Street, London, W.C.I, at 2.30 p.m. Miss Rose Simmonds (dietician at Hammersmith Hospital) on "Food and the Sick."

### Tuesday, October 24

HARROW BRANCH OF THE PHARMACEUTICAL SOCIETY, Gayton Rooms, Station Road, Harrow, at 7.15 p.m. Meeting to receive report on and discuss the Harrow questionnaire.

School of Pharmacy of the Leicester College of Technology and Commerce, and local branch of the Pharmaceutical Society, Room 104 of the College, at 7.30 p.m. Distribution of prizes by Sir Herbert L. Eason (president of the General Medical Council, 1939).

## Wednesday, October 25

Western Pharmacists' Association and Branch of the Pharmaceutical Society, 17 Bloomsbury Square, London, W.C.1, 7.30 to 8.30 p.m. President and officers at home to members. Refreshments.

### Thursday, October 26

EIRE PHARMACEUTICAL STUDENTS' REPRESENTATIVE COUNCIL, 67 Lower Mount Street, Dublin, at 8 p.m. Annual meeting.

WEST HAM AND EASTERN DISTRICT ASSOCIATION OF PHARMACISTS and BRANCH, Ilford Town Hall, 7.30 p.m. to 11.30 p.m. Public dance in aid of the Pharmaceutical Society's Benevolent and Orphan Funds. Tickets 2s. 6d. from secretary, 21 Broadhurst Avenue, Ilford.

Wil

# PHARMACEUTICAL SOCIETY EXAMINATION RESULTS

HE following satisfied the examiners in he Chemist and Druggist Qualifying xamination held in England and Wales in eptember and October:—

Arstall, Albert Edward, Manchester Bagot, Margaret, Stone Baglet, Margaret, Stolie
Bailey, Olga Lefley, Bedford
Baker, Philip Başil, Sudbury
Bale, William Malyn, Llandaff
Bayliss, Leslie William, Evesham
Bellis, Frank W., Ashton-under-Lyne Bellis, Frank W., Ashton-under-Lyne Blackmore, Vincent Cecil, Llanelly Blake, James Wilfred, Towcester Blythe, Rowland Arthur, Mansfield Burge, Kenneth Emms, Lyme Regis Carpenter, Owen Thomas, Andover Collister, Sefton G., Port St. Mary Corden, Peter Kenneth, Bletchley Crawshaw Challis Boscombe Crawshaw, Challis, Boscombe Dabill, Leonard David, Sheffield Dabill, Leonard David, Shemend Davies, John N. G., Cardigan Day, Norman Reginald, Guildford Dimond, Clifford Roy, Barry Dock Gibbon, David Reginald, Pentre Hawkins, William Roy, Minehead Hazzlewood, Norman R., Manchester Hazziewood, Norman K., Manchester Hewes, Walter Hedley, Leicester Holden, John Oliver, Haslingden House, Frederick Charles, Lymington Howitt, Roy Harry, Ratby Johnson, Eric, West Hallam Jones, Daniel Llewelyn, Bristol Jones, Richard Gerwyn, Glynneath Kaye, Leslie, Dinas Powis Knight, Olive Ruth, Chelmsford Knight, Olive Ruth, Chelmsford Lancaster, Oswald Bernard, Clitheroe Lawson, Raymond Maurice, Blackpool Layer, Henry W. T., Coggeshall Libot, Yvonne, South Woodford Lobb, Olive Mildred, Cowes Lobb, Olive Mildred, Cowes
Lord, Reginald George, Leicester
Loughlin, Raymond, March
McCusker, Kathleen E., Thornaby-on-Tees
Martin, Graham Cooper, Exmouth
Mitchell, Barbara, Lyme Regis
Mugleston, Alfred John, Burton-on-Trent
Newitt, Harold James, Llanfoist
Page, Joyce Mabel, Leicester
Parry, John Clifford, Chester
Pendlebury, John Stanley, Wigan
Pickup, John T. E., Rawtenstall
Rogers, Vincent Walters, Kidwelly
Rumsey-Williams, Madge, Holly Hall
Schofield, Thomas Hopwood, Bolton
Selfe, Frank Cecil, Clacton-on-Sea
Slingsby, Dorothy Margaret, Cambridge
Sloan, David Alexander, Grantham Sloan, David Alexander, Grantham Smith, Gordon, Blackburn Taylor, Walter T. H., Ilfracombe Thursfield, John Alfred, Padiham Ware, Anthony Maurice, Blackley West, Helena Jane, Leek Wheeler, John G. B., Felixstowe Whitehead, Thomas, Mossley Wilkinson, James, Leigh Wilmott, Betty Margaret, Portishead Wortley, Kenneth, Huddersfield

The following satisfied the examiners in Scotland in October:—

Allen, John Arthur, Wrexham Bain, Stanley Hall, Dundee Bainbridge, Thomas W., North Shields Ball, Eugene T., Birmingham Barnes, Barbara Joan, Doncaster Bentley, Douglas, Liverpool Boddie, George Duff, Aberdeen Bremner, Isabel, Newburn-on-Tyne Briggs, Margaret Hilda, Halifax Burdon, Stanley Reginald, Billingham Carson, Robert Conyers, Bradford Clyde, David Adams, Newcastle-on-Tyne Coates, James, Whitehaven Cook, James Russell, Dundee Darlington, Phyllis, Liverpool Day, Leonard Wilson, Redcar Duncan, Ronald Sinclair, Dundee Eccleshall, R. R., Brierley Hill Evans, Thomas John, Liverpool Evison, John, Redcar Fisk, Thomas Sydney, Sherburn Fraser, Alan, Dundee Grace, Josephine Angela, Annitsford Haigh, Edward, Huddersfield Hall, Marjorie, Sunderland Hammett, Marjorie E., Coventry Hilling, Norman, Glasgow Hirst, Eileen Mary, Wigan Holmes, Alexander John, Galashiels Holmes, Edwina Anne, Sunderland Hughes, Rowland Owen, Liverpool Hutchinson, John Glover, Leeds Hyman, Nathan, Middlesbrough Jones, Brenda Minnie, Llanymyneck Jones, John Peris, Deiniolen Kerridge, Jack, Sowerby Bridge Kirkby, Marjorie, Huddersfield Lightfoot, Lawrence, Waterhouses Lofthouse, Sidney Charles, Lichfield Machell, Donald, Manchester Main, Stanley, Stonehaven
Main, Stanley, Stonehaven
Mountain, Geoffrey, Middlesbrough
Murgatroyd, Eric, Shipley
O'Shaughnessy, Margaret Mary, Birmingham
Robinson, Douglas W., Brighouse
Royston, Stanley Myers, Bradford Rutherford, Joyce, Morpeth Sandiforth, Constance Mary, Liverpool Sayers, Monica C. F., Birmingham Scott, Thomas William, Horden Shand, Helene Mona, Birmingham Shearer, Alexander, Wick Smith, Jeannie MacPherson, Joppa Strachan, David, Dundee Thomson, Caroline Mary, Monifieth Wailing, Mavis, Doncaster Watson, Kathleen, Hoylake Wells, Robert Alexander, Bingley Williams, John Selwyn, Liverpool Wilson, Audrey Jean, Birmingham Woodbowe, John Brandey, Liverpool Woodhouse, John Bramley, Liverpool

No Stand Easy.—Many more tons of waste paper are wanted for victory. Can you help?

# FUTURE OF EDIBLE VEGETABLE OILS

by E. F. Hunt (National Diploma in Dairying)

In a previous article the importance of the edible oils, particularly those designated as vegetable oils, was pointed out, and their contribution to human food and health was discussed. Pre-war distribution was outlined, and it was shown that the problems of more equitable distribution and increased production are of universal concern. With the possible exception of Russia and the Argentine, most of the pre-war producers have consumed less than their fair share, while others have been literally starved of essential fats and oils. If the position is to be evened out, many of the former importing countries will have to produce their own supplies. This position has already been envisaged, and certain countries have initiated production.

#### Production Figures

At the present time Uruguay is a large producer of vegetable oil crops, chiefly groundnut and sunflower. The 1944 acreage of groundnut sown is some 30 per cent. under that of 1943, but sunflower acreage has been almost doubled, totalling about 133,685 acres. This year's crop will, it is estimated, produce some 38,280 tons, or nearly eight times the 1943 sunflower seed yield. Canada has become exceedingly interested in the problem of vegetable-oil supplies. The growing of sunflower was commenced on a commercial scale in 1939. By 1943 the acreage was about 30,000, and though the proposed 1944 acreage was set at 50,000 (a figure which it is now realised will not be reached), the "Financial Times of Canada" stated, in May 1944, "Canada is still in urgent need of vegetable oils, and while efforts are being made in the Dominion to increase the production of soya beans, sunflower and rape-seed as vital sources of oil, it is not possible to grow enough of them." It may be noted that, in 1942, Canada imported 20 million lb. of sunflower oil from the Argentine. The future plans of the Dominion are indicated by the erection in Toronto of a plant for producing vegetable oils from home-grown sunflower, etc., at a cost of £500,000. Canada's figures for oil content in sunflower, which is considered the major oilseed crop, are: Whole seed, 24-25 per cent.; kernel, 50-55 per cent. The figures are 10 per cent. higher than those obtained in the Argentine. It has been estimated that a 30,000-acre crop would yield over 181 million lb. of seed, capable of providing 4½ million lb.

of high-quality vegetable oil and, from the kernel, more than 2,250 tons of high-protein meal, suitable for stock feed.

In Rhodesia, sunflower has been grown for some thirty years. Not only is the seed used for oil and the residue therefrom for feeding cake, but the by-products of the de-seeded heads, which contain considerable quantities of protein, as well as 5-6 per cent. of oil, are milled for meal for stock and poultry food.

#### European Sources

The future position in central and eastern Europe is, of course, obscure. Before the war, Hungary, Bulgaria, Jugo-Slavia, Ru-mania, and Czechoslovakia were large growers of sunflower for oil, and considerable quantities of rape were also grown for the same purpose, especially in Bulgaria and Germany, while the production of maize has been stepped up, particularly in Germany and Hungary. Poland has concentrated on sunflower as a crop only since 1935. It is noteworthy that Denmark, from whom the United Kingdom purchased large quantities of butter and other dairy products, employed sunflower cake as 50 per cent. of the concentrated ration of her dairy herds. The cake was imported, largely from the Argentine.

It has already been foreseen that Britain will be very short of vegetable oils after the war, when Lease-Lend ceases, and that it will be impossible to depend on imports of such oils and their by-products for animal feeding stuffs, as heretofore. For this reason the Agricultural Research Council and the Agricultural Development Board are applying considerable efforts to research on oil-producing crops that can be grown in Britain. Special grants have been made for the purpose. It may be worth while examining Britain's pre-war imports of vegetable oils and by-products. The following import figures are taken from the Board of Trade returns for 1938 (the last complete year in which returns were available) and do not include either castor bean or seeds used for the production of gums and resins:-

Seeds, oil Oils, vegetable Oilseed feeding cakes	Tons 1,591,016 214,215 665,428	f 14,303,162 4,123,658 3,894,939
·	2.470.650	£22,321,750

The figures given in the foregoing analysis are actually below those of 1937, he reduction being due to the spread of the Sino-Japanese war, the effects of the Spanish revolution, and the uneasy state of Europe. 72,000 tons out of the 1938 total consisted of copra, largely from Malaya, Fiji and Papua.

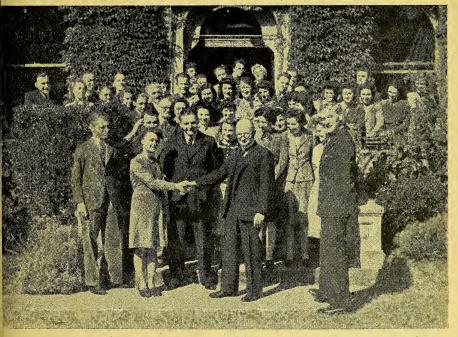
## Uses of Vegetable Oils

The uses of vegetable oils are extremely wide. Apart from the production of margarines, or vegetable lards, of which the world consumption is on the up-grade, for canning, salad and cooking oils, and medicinal purposes, there are also large commercial demands in the soap and cosmetic trades, the woollen industry, etc. It is important to realise that the by-products of oilseeds are essential for the production of animal fats and dairy products, and the proposed policy of re-

sowing much of the arable land of the country to grass, for keeping dairy cattle to increase milk supplies (which have always been in the past well below the optimum in amount) has a considerable bearing on the question.

## C. & D. QUIZ NO: 39

- I. Who wrote the following? "The wise for cure on exercise depend, God never made His work for man to mend."
  - 2. Who discovered phenol?
  - 3. Who was the first Pereira medallist?
  - 4. Why are Jordan almonds so called?
- 5. What is the first recorded mention of liquorice?
- 6. Where was the first public gasworks erected?
  - 7. What is "mineral chameleon"?
  - 8. What is wolfram?
  - 9. When was bismuth first mentioned?
  - 10. What is powder of Algaroth? (Answers on p. 441)



RETIRING AFTER FIFTY-TWO YEARS.—Picture shows leave-taking of Mr. Silvester after fifty-two years' service with A. Boake, Roberts & Co., Ltd., Stratford, London. Mr. Silvester joined the staff on June 29, 1892. He remembers the day well. He attended in a silk hat and morning coat, the "uniform" of the business world of those days. His first duty was to assist in stamping letters—not a duty, he felt, which was in keeping with his education at Cranleigh, but one which a good office boy must perform with all diligence. As time went by Mr. Silvester acquired facility in shorthand and typewriting (ladies were hardly seen in commercial offices in those days). Still later he was appointed chief cashier to the company. Mr. Silvester is seen saying goodbye to some of his colleagues, including Mr. Mackenzie (fine chemicals), right, Mr. Wilkinson (flavours), left, and, shaking hands, the "office boy" of today.

## INSURANCE ACT DISPENSING

Erith.—The desirability of pressing for a further opening of chemists' shops was considered by the Finance and General Purposes Committee of the Erith Borough Council, recently, and it was resolved to take the matter up with the County Insurance Committee. The Medical Officer has also been instructed to take the views of local medical practitioners upon the necessity for extending on a rota basis the evening opening of chemists' shops in the Committee's area.

Bournemouth.—The difficulty encountered by insurance patients in securing medicines on prescriptions under other Insurance Committees was referred to at a meeting of the Bournemouth Insurance Committee recently, when the Clerk reported that a number of cases had come to his notice in which insured persons, principally evacuees from Metropolitan areas, had obtained prescriptions before leaving there. Doctors and chemists had been circularised with a suggestion that fresh prescriptions should be issued locally The Committee recomand dispensed. mended that a request should be made to the Minister of Health to devise some means whereby chemists under contract with one Insurance Committee might be remunerated for dispensing the prescriptions issued on another committee's forms.

Edinburgh.—That a comprehensive medical service should be erected by stages was the view taken by the Insurance Committee at a meeting on September 28. The Committee adopted a resolution welcoming "the proposal of the Government to secure a comprehensive medical service. for the people," but was of opinion that, "as the foundation for such a scheme already exists, the desired object will best be attained by building on that foundation. The Committee is accordingly of the opinion that the proposed new services should be erected stage by stage, and that the first stage should be (a) the extension of medical benefit to persons of a financial status similar to those entitled to medical benefit under the National Health Insurance Acts, to the dependants of insured persons and those of a similar financial status, and to those who presently obtain medical treatment through Public Assistance Committees; and (b) the widening of medical benefit to include consultant and specialist services; and the provision of all necessary diagnostic and laboratory facilities, and of further hospital accommodation.

#### TRADE MARKS

(From "The Trade Marks Journal," September 27)

Device of man wedged between two rocks; for metal storage containers and parts (6); carbon dioxide filling plant, and parts (7); installations for extinguishing fires by inert "Garbox" for carbon dioxide filling plant, and parts (7). Also the word "CARDOX" for carbon dioxide filling plant, and parts (7). By Cardox (Great Britain), Ltd., 20 Copthall Avenue, London, E.C.2. 628,205, -06, and -08 (All Associated), and

628,200.

"Blossom Time"; for cleansing paper tissues (16). By Velvet Crêpe Paper Co., Ltd., Woodside End, Mount Pleasant, Alperton,

Middlesex. 629,631. Rectangular device containing letter "J" (exclusive use of letter disclaimed); for rubber, synthetic rubber, and artificial rubber, all being cellular expanded substances, etc. (17). By Jicwood, Ltd., Weybridge Road, Wey-

bridge, Surrey. 626,762 (Associated).
"Metex"; for hair-curlers for attachment to
the hair (26). By Metal Textiles, Ltd.,
Spring House, Spring Place, London, N.W.5. 629,418.

#### APPLICATION AMENDMENT

According to "The Trade Marks Journal," September 27, 1944, specification No. 625,876 by M. I. Downing has been altered so as to read, "Medical and surgical plasters, and poultices," and in specification No. 628,214 by Metal Closures, Ltd., the address has been altered so as to read, "Bromford Lane, West Bromwich, Staffordshire."

(From "The Trade Marks Journal," October 4)

"CRESANTOL"; for industrial chemicals, ex-"CRESANTOL"; for industrial chemicals, exclusive of synthetic resins, etc. (1). By Monsanto Chemicals, Ltd., Victoria Street, London, S.W.I. 628,943 (Associated).
"SLIX"; for soap powder (3). By Gerard Brothers, Ltd., Wilkinson Street, New Basford, Nottingham. B626,825.
"KEYSOL"; for liquid soap; and "LATSOL"; for liquid toilet soap (3). By Wimsol, Ltd., Grace Street, Keighley, Yorks. 627,773 (Associated). 627,775.

(Associated), 627,775.

A cross device and words, "Carus product" (word "Carus" disclaimed and mark not to be used in colour or colours); for toilet powders, and soaps (3); toilet paper and paper handkerchiefs (16). By A. Carus & Sons, Ltd., Hoddlesden Mills, Johnson Road, Hoddlesden, Darwen. 629,613, 629,615 (Associated).
"MARELLE"; for perfumery, essential oils, toi-

let preparations, cosmetics and soaps (3); pharmaceutical preparations (5). By Hun-ter, Garnett & Co., Ltd., 9 Glenside Road, Shipley, Yorks. 629,912–13 (Both Associated).

"TRAPID"; for bleaching preparations, perfumes, cosmetics, toilet preparations, soaps, mouth-washes, etc. (3). By Koray, Ltd., 56 Gamage Building, Holborn, London, E.C.1. 629,925.

# MEDICAL OUTFITS FOR WAR PRISONERS

N an effort to provide, under difficulties, much care as possible for American priners under control of the Japanese, the S. Army Medical Department has deeloped special medical supplies for ship-tent to the Far East, complete with astructions for their use by prisoners-ofar and civilian internees in isolated camps. The packages have been designed for istribution by the International Red Cross, the packing cases are labelled in hd The plan for nglish and Japanese. aking supplies available to prisoners was eveloped by a committee of officers in the ffice of the Surgeon-General, in collaboraon with British, Canadian and American ed Cross officials. Specifications were orked out by officers of the Army Medical ection. Besides drugs, the shipments ontain dressings, simple types of surgical ad dental instruments, sterilising equipent, insecticides, and water purifiers. ipments are prepared in three types of nit—a 100-man unit, containing five ackages, a hospital unit, and a bulk ipplies unit. Ten 100-man units, plus the

hospital and bulk supplies units, contain supplies believed to be sufficient for the needs of 1,000 men for three months. In order to facilitate handling and make for easy recognition by non-English-speaking labour, the special plywood, waterproofed cases, each of which bears a large Red Cross and is addressed to the International Red Cross delegate, are painted in special colours, according to the type of unit.

Approximately 126 different drugs are provided, and each package of the 100-man unit contains a booklet with precise instructions in simple terms. The 100-man unit contains drugs which can be used by laymen, while the hospital and bulk supplies units are intended for installations where professional services may be available. medicines selected are those most useful in treating diseases known to be prevalent in the Far East and for ailments likely to beset persons living under prison-camp conditions. It is understood that shipments of British, Canadian, and American medical supplies to prisoners of the Japanese in the future are to be standardised.

# PROFESSOR BERRY ON DISINFECTANTS

N informative address on "Antiseptics" as given by Professor H. Berry, B.Sc., h.C., F.R.I.C., at the opening meeting the session of the National Associa-on of Women Pharmacists on October 5, he president (Miss M. C. Islip) in the chair. rofessor Berry pointed out that the title overed a wide field and that he proposed to. eal with one section only: disinfectants. le emphasised that the pharmacist should e the expert on the chemical nature of ntiseptics, and on the methods of preparaon for their use. For general purposes henol and cresol were good bactericides, wing to their powerful and non-selective ction, but they had the disadvantage of eing toxic and irritating, and the use of esol was limited owing to its slight lubility in water. The black and white uids were of use in large-scale disinfection, lack fluids being solutions in soap, giving able emulsions on dilution, and white aids being formulated with various mixres of soaps, gelatin, and casein. The lorinated phenols, of which p-chloreta-cresol was most generally used, were ighly efficient, and had the advantage of eing colourless and odourless. Chloroylenol was effective against hæmolytic reptococci, but less effective against

staphylococci. Chloroxylenol was used as a solution in soap as liq. chloroxylenolis. In undiluted form this was suitable for skin sterilisation. The use of diluted solution of chloroxylenol as a general disinfectant to replace preparations of cresol or the black and white fluids was to be deprecated, as in this form it was unreliable. Professor Berry went on to say that aqueous solutions of soaps did exert some germicidal action, but their chief value was in their detergent and wetting action, so that micro-organisms were washed away rather than destroyed.

Ordinary soaps owed their detergent and germicidal action to the structure of their anions, but there were other detergents which were not soaps (sodium, cetyl and lauryl sulphates) and these also owed their action to their anions. Their bactericidal action was against gram-negative organisms. Some quaternary ammonium compounds also exerted detergent and germicidal properties, but their action was due to the cation, and these were effective against both gram-positive and gram-negative organisms. Professor Berry pointed out that anionic and cationic detergents were incompatible, and when solutions of the two types were mixed their detergent and bactericidal properties were lost.

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Ifficial organ of The Pharmaceutical Society of reland, The Pharmaceutical Society of Northern reland, The Chemists' and Druggists' Society of reland and of other Chemists' Societies in the Empire

OL. CXLII

OCTOBER 21, 1944

NO: 3376

The fact that goods made of raw materials a short supply owing to war conditions are dvertised in this paper or described in its litorial columns should not be taken as an adication that they are necessarily available or export.

# Patents Law Reform Proposals

f strategic chemicals having been attriuted to monopoly agreements based on
atents, it is a reasonable claim that special
onsideration should be given to proposals
p. 434) put forward by a British chemical
ommittee for effecting reforms in the
xisting patents law. The suggestions are
nade in answer to specific questions put by
he Board of Trade in the form of a quesionnaire, and the committee responsible
or the replies was representative of manuacturing, professional and trading interests
n the field of industrial chemistry.

#### Almost Unanimous

So large a measure of agreement was eached by the committee that there was only one dissentient, and only on two points lid he disagree with the view of the majority. The Government's questionnaire was framed mainly to decide whether the existing patents law has been used to bolster up cartels, whether an alternative system would prevent foreign interests from predicting this country's security, and whether there is any way out of the present disproportionate costliness of patents litigation. The Chemical Committee's memo-

randum urges improvements in three main directions, viz.:—

- (a) Reducing invalid patents.
- (b) Reducing the costs of legal action.
- (c) Strengthening the system of compulsory licences.

These aims are not to be regarded as entirely separable from one another, for, as the Committee points out, if the number of invalid patents is reduced, the standard of validity of the Patents Office will be brought more into line with that of the Courts. To reduce invalid patents, it is proposed that the Comptroller's powers of refusing applications shall be extended, though in prescribed directions.

The suggested machinery for limiting the costs of litigation is a new Patents Division of the High Court, in which there shall be three judges with special experience in patents law, and either one or two additional lay members, selected from a permanent panel of six or eight technical and scientifically-qualified persons. In this way much of the evidence which at present requires to be heard can be omitted. Solicitors and patent agents would also have the right of audience, except in cases of appeal, to the House of Lords. Agreements having the effect of reducing British production to nil or a negligible quantity would be countered by empowering the Comptroller to grant compulsory licences without royalty, or in extreme cases to exclude the patentee and his original licensee from manufacturing under the patent. Side by side with this power would go a more specific statement of what constitutes an abuse of monopoly.

The vexed question of licences of right is one of the two points on which the dissenting member—a representative of the Therapeutic Research Corporation—issued a minority report. All the remaining members accepted the views previously advanced by Imperial Chemical Industries, Ltd. (see C. & D., February 19, p. 200), and in a memorandum published by the Chartered Institute of Patent Agents which, in effect, directly negative the suggestion that all patents should be so endorsed. Both this matter and the question of full disclosure of the specification, which the dissentient member advocates, or limitation

of what is made public to the date, licensee's name, and whether the patent is exclusive or non-exclusive, which the majority recommend, are matters which, in the last resort, can only be decided by public opinion in what is considered to be the national interest. In the meantime, the Committee's memorandum will no doubt be given the attention in Whitehall which its authoritative and nearly unanimous character demands, and welcomed in the trade as an event of major importance in the development of the British chemical industry.

# Surplus Government Factories

THE announcement by the Board of Trade that surplus Government factories may be acquired on lease for post-war use under certain specified conditions can have only a limited appeal to the drug and allied trades. The premises concerned will not be sold outright (as happened after the last war), except in special circumstances, but will be let to selected tenants for a period of ten years, with an option to the tenant at the end of the ten-year period to take a further lease for a long term. Rents will be based on the 1939 rental value, but will · be subject to review at a later date. While it is appreciated that the Government is trying to take every possible step to ensure that the surplus factories will be utilised "in the national interest," it is perhaps unfortunate that the terms specified in the agreement will impose upon the prospective tenant a measure of control that will doubtless tend in some instances to cramp his style in the difficult process of building up a successful business under keenly competitive post-war conditions.

# A Source of Difficulty

While the "appropriate safeguards" to be contained in the terms of the short lease (an initial ten-year period) appear reasonable enough, some difficulties are likely to be encountered in their application to individual cases. For example, an applicant must be prepared to "make efficient use of the factory premises with a minimum of reconstruction." Who, it may be asked, is to set the standard of "efficiency" which must be maintained under the terms of the agreement? The manufacturer concerned

or some Government department? products and novel methods of manufacture on which the success of our post-war trade will largely depend will constantly call for reconstruction and rearrangement of plant on a considerable scale. Are these domestic technical problems to become the concern of officialdom? Other "criteria of national interest" in accordance with which the factories will be allocated include "the establishment of a balanced distribution of industry." No doubt this means that applicants for factories will be "directed" to particular areas where it is thought (by the Government) that labour and other necessary facilities will be most readily available. Applicants will also be required to satisfy other criteria, e.g. the re-establishment and expansion of export trade, the maintenance of a war potential and the requirements of town and country planning. Firms whose factories have been damaged or destroyed by enemy action, or have been requisitioned by the State, will be given special consideration.

## Tenant's Responsibilities

The short lease will provide that the tenant shall be responsible for all outgoings and will contain full repairing covenants and also covenants not to assign or to sublet or, without lessor's consent, to make structural alterations. It may, in certain instances, contain provisions relating to the maintenance of fixtures. The short lease will normally cover all buildings, services, and built-in plant. It will be open to the tenant to acquire all, or a substantial part, of the machine tools in the factory (provided they are not Lease-Lend tools), if he so desires, on terms to be arranged. If the tenant satisfies the Board of Trade that he genuinely requires for use in connexion with his operation of the factory any of the other removable contents, such as shop equipment, furniture fittings, etc., he may purchase these at prices approved by the departments responsible for the disposal of surplus Government articles in those categories.

## INFORMATION WANTED

Information with respect to suppliers of undermentioned will be appreciated:—

CSW/57. Takazarine (makers and packings)

# CHANGES IN FOOD LABELLING ORDERS

HE Minister of Food proposes to postone the date of operation of the Labelling f Food Order (S.R. & O., 1944, No. 738) respect of sales by wholesalers and etailers, so as to give manufacturers and ackers up to December 30 to comply with s requirements. Wholesalers will be given hree months, and retailers six months, fter January 1, 1945, to clear stocks of roducts the labels of which do not comply ith the Order. It should be noted that holesalers and retailers selling foods repared by themselves must comply with he Order on and after January 1, 1945, nd that, after that date, it will be an ffence to publish any advertisement in which the presence of vitamins or minerals claimed unless the terms are complied

## repacked Food Colourings

The Ministry has also had under conideration the manner in which the ingredints of prepacked food colourings should e disclosed for the purposes of the Order. as issued, the Order requires that labels f food colourings prepacked for sale as uch shall disclose the identity of the olouring ingredients with which they are nade. In view of the difficulties in applying his requirement to colourings prepared with synthetic dyes, it has been decided hat, before the Order comes into force, an mendment will be made providing that, he identity of the dye or colour ingredient reed not be disclosed. It will be sufficient to disclose the ingredient as "colour" without further specification as to composiion except that where the colouring is of synthetic origin the word "colour" must be qualified by either "synthetic" or 'artificial." The appropriate disclosure in the case of a solution of a synthetic colour would, therefore, include "synthetic colour" or "artificial colour," together with the ingredients of the solvent (or, in the case of an aqueous solution, "solution of synthetic colour," or "solution of artificial colour"). The name of the dye may, of course, be given in addition if desired. Where the colour is not of synthetic origin, the disclosure may show either the identity of the colouring ingredient—e.g., "burnt sugar" or "caramel"—or simply "colour," together with the other ingredients of the reparation (or, in the case of an aqueous solution, "solution of colour," or, for example, "solution of burnt sugar").

Where a prepacked food is wrapped in

more than one container, and the labelling on the inner container is not clearly legible through the outer wrapper, the Labelling of Food Order requires a label to be printed on, or attached to, both wrappers. The Minister has now decided to amend the Order to permit the use of a plain liner to an outer wrapper in which the product is sold unopened, provided the use of such a liner, which would not normally be removed from its outer wrapper during use, is needed for proper protection of product.

## CALL-UP STATEMENTS

THE Central Pharmaceutical War Committee (England and Wales) announces that it has recommended to the Ministry of Health that, except for pharmacists and dispensers who have been individually notified to the contrary, deferment of calling-up for men in the group recom-mended for deferment of call-up until September 30, with further consideration, be extended to March 31, 1945, provided they remain in their existing posts, with further consideration at the end of that Individual notifications will not be sent to those whose deferment has been recommended for extension, but men for whom no further period of deferment in their present employment is recommended will be afforded an opportunity of appeal. The position of pharmacists and dispensers who were (a) under thirty years of age at the date of their registration and who have been informed that they will not be released for calling-up until a substitute has been found, and (b) over thirty-five at the date of their registration and who have been informed that they are earmarked for use as substitutes for the "under thirty" men, is under consideration.

The C.P.W.C. and Scottish Central Pharmaceutical War Committee, also advise employers of women regularly engaged in the handling of drugs and medical and surgical appliances, with a minimum of six months' training, to instruct them to state, when being interviewed at local offices of the Ministry of Labour and National Service for possible withdrawal, that they are so engaged, and that by reason of their six months or more training, they are entitled to have their occupation described as "woman drug hand." This procedure should be followed irrespective of whether their employers wish to make representa-

tions for retention on their behalf.

# CHEMICAL COMMITTEE ON PATENTS LAW

THE attitude of a Joint Chemical Committee towards questions of British patents law reform, put to it in a questionnaire by a committee appointed by the Board of Trade, has been made known in a memorandum recently issued. A second memorandum, dealing with the grounds on which, in the Chemical Committee's view, the Comptroller should be authorised to refuse patents applications, is to appear at a later date. Bodies represented on the Joint Chemical Committee include the Association of British Chemical Manufacturers (four members), Biochemical Society, British Association of Chemists, Chemical Society, Institu-tion of Chemical Engineers, Royal Institute of Chemistry, Society of Chemical Industry and Wholesale Drug Trade Association (one member each). Unanimous agreement was reached on all except two points, on which a minority report by one member is included in the memorandum.

In an introduction, the Committee states its firm conviction that any amendment of the patents law should include provision for the enlargement of the powers of the Comptroller to have the effect of reducing the number of invalid patents granted, and of bringing the standard of validity in the Patent Office into line with that which obtains in the Courts. Important proposals or comments made in the memorandum include the following:—

#### Use of Patents to Form Cartels

As it is possible for a company or group of companies to hold a network of patents (most of which may be invalid) the way is open to restraint of trade, the formation of cartels based on the patent position, and the threat of costly legal actions. remedy suggested by the Committee lies in (a) refusing the granting of invalid patents, (b) strengthening the section dealing with compulsory licences, and (c) considerably. reducing the costs payable by successful defendants in patents actions. It has been alleged that patented inventions are bought up by interested parties in order to stifle Specific cases, the memorandum states, are practically never cited, but where details are given it is usually found on investigation that there was good reason . why the invention was not worked. If anyone is willing to work the invention it becomes impossible to stifle it by buying up the patent, since a section of the Act provides for the grant of a compulsory licence in such instance. The Committee

recommends that it should be made compulsory on the patentee, under some substantial penalty, to register a patent licence on a Register at the Patent Office, and to file with the Comptroller a copy of the licence and any documents referred to therein, together with a statutory declaration that the documents filed disclose all terms and conditions of the licence and all considerations therefor. It is suggested that the only information to be available to the public should be the date of the licence, the name of the licensee, whether the licence is exclusive or nonexclusive, the duration of the licence, and the date of its registration. It is further recommended that the conditions constituting an abuse of monopoly should be set out as simply as possible. Where the patent is being worked abroad and the product imported into the United Kingdom under agreement with a British licensee, who agrees not to work the invention in the United Kingdom but to obtain all the requirements of the British market from abroad, or where the proportion of the manufacture in the United Kingdom is negligible, it is suggested that the Comptroller should have power, in addition to the powers already conferred, to grant a compulsory licence, without royalty, and in extreme cases to exclude the patentee and his original licensee from manufacturing under the patent.

The procedure for applying for compulsory licences is considered unsatisfactory in that it allows the patentee to delay and prolong unduly the proceedings for his own ends. The relevant date up to which nonworking is to be proved should be the date of first application to the patentee for a licence, not the date of the eventual hearing. Applicants for compulsory licences should be required to make out the prima facie case (for example, that after reasonable) inquiries the applicant was unable to find any reasonable supply of the patented goods manufactured in this country, and that he was refused an ordinary licence by the patentee, or received no reply within a reasonable time). Thereafter, it is recommended that the onus of proof should pass to the patentee.

#### Invalid Patents

A large proportion of patents now granted are invalid for reasons which the Patent Office has at present no power to consider, since it can only refuse an application on

certain limited grounds. The Committee is of opinion that a suitable extension of the grounds would raise the status of the British atent system, diminish the number of patent actions, give the patent applicant he means of obtaining cheaply and at an early stage an indication of the validity of the patent protection obtaining for his nvention, and prevent the use of "paper patents" to bolster up unmerited mono-polies. The Comptroller should have power to refuse a patent for lack of subject-matter, but the power should not extend outside prescribed limits, as to which suggestions re made. These limits are, in addition to the powers of refusal at present conferred ipon the Comptroller, (a) that the invention s not a manner of manufacture, or otherwise of industrial significance, (b) that the nvention does not contribute to the art ny item of new knowledge. It is these roposals which will form the subjectnatter of the second memorandum to be ssued by the Committee.

## Patent Courts

The Joint Chemical Committee recomnends the setting up of a new Patents Court with the object of reducing the time pent in hearing cases, and hence the cost of litigation. It is suggested that patent ritigation. It is suggested that patents etions, and all patent matters now dealt with in England by the High Court and the latents Appeal Tribunal, should be heard by a special Patents Division of the High court, consisting of three judges appointed amounts barrieters who have had rom amongst barristers who have had atents experience, together with one, or wo, lay members selected from a permanent panel of, say, six or eight technical and cientifically qualified persons. The techpical panel should together cover the whole of the science and technology met with in patent spheres in the sense of being competent severally in their own spheres to inderstand such documents with the minimum of instruction by counsel and wit-lesses. The panel members should not indertake any other employment, and it is Important that their status and emoluments should be of a nature to attract the right persons. The full Court should hear infringement and revocation proceedings, but other patent matters should be heard by a Court of one judge and one lay member, except that any such matter should be referable to the full Court at the direction or by leave of the Court. With a view to reducing the cost of patent litigation, solicitors and patent agents should have right of audience; but not of appeal, to the House of Lords.

The Committee makes no suggestion as to the form of relief given when the patent is found to be infringed, but dissents emphatically from the proposal that an infringer should be entitled to a licence on terms except in circumstances which are specified. In any action for infringement of a patent, the defendant should be entitled to plead abuse of monopoly as defined in the present section of the Act dealing with the subject, and if this plea is successful the Court should have power to apply any of the remedies provided in that section, including the grant to the infringer of a licence dated as from the date of the earliest infringement or subsequently, and on any terms and conditions the Court considers proper. The only circumstance in which the infringer might properly be granted a licence on terms are where laches is proved against defendant (e.g. where undue and unexplained delay between knowledge of the infringement and issue of the writ may be assumed to arise from the plaintiff's desire to increase the damages awarded). A plaintiff who is willing to delay issuing the writ in order to accumulate damages, must be assumed willing to exchange his exclusive rights for a royalty payment.

#### Member's Dissent

One of the four members of the Committee who were nominated by the Association of British Chemical Manufacturers failed to subscribe to the Committee's views on the endorsement of all patents "Licences of Right" and the extension of the powers of the Comptroller to consider subject matter. He was Dr. G. H. Frazer, representing the Therapeutic Research Corporation of Great Britain, Ltd. Dr. Frazer contended that by combining a patent pool with a cartel arrangement, the power of the latter might be caused to reinforce the power of the purse, so that absolute monopoly could be achieved, however gross the exploitation of the public. All licences under patent should not merely be regis-tered but the full documents should be open to public inspection, and all patents should be endorsed "Licences of Right," but the endorsement should be effective, say, three years from the date of filing the complete specification. This would encourage the patentee to get his product on the market as quickly as possible, and thus give him a continuing advantage which would be of value to him so long as his product was competitive in price and quality with those of any subsequent entrant into the field. Editorial, p. 431.

# PHARMACEUTICAL SOCIETY OF IRELAND

The Council Chamber at 67 Lower Mount Street, Dublin, was filled to capacity on October 9, when the sixty-ninth annual meeting of the Pharmaceutical Society of Ireland was held, the president (Mr. C. J. Cremen) in the chair. The meeting was rated one of the most successful held in the history of the Society. After reading apologies for absence from Mr. P. F. McGrath, Miss O'Loughlin, Mr. T. Connolly, and Mr. J. O'Rourke, The President read the report of the scrutineers on the recent election, which showed that of 758 ballot papers posted 579 were returned, while one paper unsigned had been rejected. The result of the election was as follows: F. X. Meagher, 440; P. J. Fullam, 431; P. F. McGrath, 421; G. C. O'Neill, 383; N. A. McKane, 379; Maurice Power, 373; Sir T. Robinson, 352; D. W. P. Boyd, 333; M. J. Kieran, 278; Dr. W. Power, 236; and the president declared the first seven duly elected. Eleven voting papers were received too late for inclusion in the count.

#### Council Retirements

THE PRESIDENT said it was encouraging to have such a representative gathering, consider-ing transport difficulties. Some members had come long distances, including their old friend, Mr. Fred Storey, from the Six Counties. In a reference to the recent election, he said four vacancies had been created by resignations from the Council. Miss Flood's decision had left members with no lady representative, a position. which, he was sure, all would deplore. Lady chemists had done trojan work in connexion with the Benevolent Fund and other pharmaceutical organisations. Mr. Costello, Galway, found it difficult to attend meetings owing to his many and varied responsibilities. Mr. Lester, one of the Cork representatives, also left a chair vacant, and he hoped that within a short period Cork city would send another gentleman of the same high integrity and ability. Mr. Fitzpatrick, after his long years of service to pharmacy on the Council, certainly deserved members' best wishes on his retirement. The lack of interest shown by the druggists in the Society (Associate Druggists being only twentyeight out of a total of 198 qualified druggists) was responsible for the failure of their two candidates in the election. He would like to pay tribute, on his own behalf, and on that of his colleagues, to Mr. Boyd and Mr. Kieran for their valuable and conscientious work for years; certainly, the druggists could not have had more able or distinguished representatives.

#### Successful Candidates

"I now come to the successful candidates. We are all delighted to have Sir Thomas Robinson with us again. Mr. Meagher, Mr. McGrath and Mr. O'Neill have already won their spurs in our sister organisation, the Irish Drug Association, and will be of invaluable help with their experience. Mr. Fullam, Mr. McKane and Mr. Power are particularly welcome as new members from the provinces. It is essential to

have a reasonable balance between city and country representation, so that the problems confronting all our members may be sympathetically dealt with."

#### Limitation of Entrants

Membership this year was again a record, at 731 against 709 in the previous year, he said. Pharmaceutical chemists numbered 1,616 against 1,575, a net increase of forty-one. Chemists and druggists totalled two, as before, and registered druggists totalled 449, against 450. Eighty-two of the latter were now pharmaceutical chemists, and 116 were qualified pharmaceutical chemists in the Six Counties. Associate druggists were twenty-eight, as in the previous year, and qualified assistants numbered 985, an increase of fifty-one. Of these, 571 had since qualified as pharmaceutical chemists. Preliminary registrations were 159 against 148, or an increase of eleven. we arrive at what is considered one of our major overcrowding of our profession." For some years past, the president in his address had emphasised this fact, yet the number of apprentices increased. Of all the professions in Eire he believed pharmacy was the only one that could directly control the numbers entering. A student had the right of entry only through the channel of apprenticeship with members or licentiates. Most of the other professions were supplied through the Universities, irrespective of saturation point. Why was it that the Society had not the co-operation of its members in this vital matter? Perhaps one reason was that, in stressing the danger, the Council had failed to formulate a constructive policy. His predecessor (Mr. John Gleeson) had referred to the fact that the Council tried to put through a regulation limiting members to one apprentice to each shop, but this had been turned down as ultra vires by the Department of Justice. Counsel's opinion had been taken and the proposed regulation sent forward again, but with no better result. Then the treasurer (Mr. Cahill) had had an interview with An Taoiseach (the Prime Minister). Mr. de Valera's reply to the representations had been that the matter was entirely an internal one for the Society, and in fact he referred back the whole problem to members to solve for themselves. "I have been considering recently if anything could be done in this matter, and that is why I am stressing this question in my remarks here to-night. Had we put before our members a scheme in which they could co-operate with us, perhaps we might have got better results. For that reason I am suggesting to you a new line of approach to the problem. Is it possible to get together a representative body consisting of (1) members of the Council; (2) members of the I.D.A. executive; and (3) a representative of each local association throughout the country, to go into this matter thoroughly, once and for all?" He would suggest to that body, if formed, that they should prepare a scheme roughly under

the following heads: (r) To give the profession the number of apprentices it could absorb each year; (2) local associations to accept responsibility in their own districts in arranging a rotational system. In this scheme each member of the Society would be consulted as to the number to be admitted, and in the fair placing of students. The new body, which he presumed could be subsidised by the Society, and perhaps by the I.D.A., could speak with authority. It could contact heads of schools and colleges, as well as parents, advising them of the number of vacancies, and the districts in which they arose. Chemists' children would, of course, have priority. Incidentally, such a course would put an end to the irresponsible conduct of a small minority who, even at present, had four to six apprentices. The details he had not attempted to work out, as he felt he would have fulfilled his purpose if, by speaking on the subject, he had stimulated a determination to profit by the present growing spirit of co-operation so evident during recent years. It would be a sad reflection on chemists as a professional body if they were to admit defeat in such a problem. They might have planners outside the profession pointing the way—a development all would deplore.

# Educational Changes

As members were aware, the Pre-registration examination would come into operation in July 1946. This was an educational adjustment made accessary by the modern advances in chemistry. Too much valuable time of the student was being taken up in elementary chemistry and physics, and, when this arrangement came into force, students would have an advanced course in chemistry covering modern requirements. A Pre-registration examination in both subjects had been compulsory since 1926 for both medical and dental students. He would like to refer to the formation during the year of the Students' Representative Council. This body had the approval of the Council, and was now firmly established. "It is, I think, generally agreed that an organisation such as this is very necessary. I can assure you that from my experience of their officers during the past year they are one and all a credit to their association with Irish pharmacy."

## Veterinary Preparations

Members were aware, said Mr. Cremen, of the action taken by the Council to safeguard the nterests of its members in the sale of certain veterinary medicines. Some manufacturing nouses had decided that veterinary medicines would be supplied to chemists only on the prescription of a veterinary surgeon. A committee had been formed by the Council, on which nembers of the I.D.A. executive gladly contented to act. Already one of the makers in question had agreed to withdraw the noxious ruling, and the committee was still in negotiation with the other firms concerned. Further comment at present was not advisable, except o restate members' determination to take any action necessary to safeguard their professional status.

Most members realised that the 1908 Act could only be changed by the legislature, and the Council had been assured that there was no hope of any changes in legislation during the war period. An approach had been made by at least one district Association to a County Commissioner, with reasonable results. Fuller particulars were not yet available. "I would like to congratulate on your behalf, and on my own, Mr. Loughman in his success in the recent Dail election. He has been very helpful in the past, and we know we can call on him should the need arise. Another chemist candidate, who would have been a very good friend, unfortunately for us failed to secure election. We had hopes that this time our Seanad (Senate) candidates might be successful, but in spite of all the hard work of our members, licentiates and students, we were tagain diappointed." It was well-nigh impossible for a professional body like the Society, said the president, to get representation on the Seanad under the present system of election.

#### Benevolence

Mr. Cremen said he referred with a certain amount of awe, and with great admiration, to the Benevolent Fund dance committee under its able chairman (Mr. Con. Collis). The success the committee had achieved was astounding, and besides giving the Society a social function of the first order, it had given the Benevolent Fund the fine sum of  $f_{.320}$  14s.

Fund the fine sum of £320 14s.

The Consultative Committee's report has been considered by the Council, and certain elauses had been referred back for reconsideration or redrafting. The Committee had not met recently, as it was thought wise to await the Vocational Commission's report before proceeding further.

"In conclusion, I wish to pay tribute to Mr. Whelehan (vice-president), Mr. Cahill (treasurer) and to all my colleagues on the Council, for their assistance and co-operation during my year of office; to Mr. Kerr for his guidance and help, to Miss Hyland for her courtesy, to our Press representative (Mr. Hugh Smith) for his capable and accurate reports, and to The Chemist and Druggist" for the generous way they have treated us in these times of severe paper restrictions." (Applause.)

#### Irish Drug Association Policy

Mr. Lyall G. Smith (president, Irish Drug Association), moving a vote of thanks to the president for his address, said that the I.D.A., in looking after the trade side, tried wherever possible to have chemists' lines confined to chemists. In its campaign against the sale of poisons by unauthorised persons, it was nobly backed up by the Society. Both the Society and the I.D.A. had duties to the public. It was the Society's duty to see that the compounding and dispensing of medicines were carried on only by persons qualified to do so, while the I.D.A. had the duty of seeing that those medicines were obtainable at uniform prices and at all reasonable times. The president had come

out rather strongly on the question of apprentices, and had mentioned the I.D.A. in connexion with it. Recently the two bodies had formed a joint committee to deal with the sale of veterinary medicines. This was a matter of mutual interest, because on the one hand it affected the professional status of the pharmacist, and on the other it affected the I.D.A., owing to the method of trading adopted by certain manufacturers. All members were pleased to learn that the matter had been straightened out with one old firm in the trade, and they hoped to make further progress. Up to the present the I.D.A. had not interested itself very deeply in academic matters. They left that to the Council, which was the body empowered to deal with such issues, and which dealt with them in a very able manner. For various reasons the I.D.A. always felt it was better to stick to matters relating to the trade and economic side of the business. They would have to give considerable thought to this question of linking up the various local associations in an academic matter of this nature.

## Apprenticeship Anxieties

The I.D.A. had fourteen local associations, each with a committee, which were very worried about the apprenticeship question. In the first few years apprenticeship was more of a professional and academic nature, but later on it become economic. In present conditions the person concerned must afterwards find suitable employment as a qualified man within the twenty-six counties. To do so he must either open a phar-macy for himself—and openings were rather difficult to get—or look for employment as a qualified man with one of the larger firms. If the I.D.A. could help in any way to improve the economic status of these men he was sure they would be delighted to do so. The president had referred to the black sheep who took four and six apprentices. In this matter the I.D.A. had tried for some years past to help to limit the number of apprentices to one for every qualified person. Reference had also been made to the great work put into the Benevolent Fund by Mr. Collis and their vice-president (Mr. O'Neill). The I.D.A. had tried to help in any way it could, and the only way it could help was by taking as many tickets as possible for any function held. Reference had been made by the president to planners from outside the Society. The pharmaceutical profession was one of the most highly organised in every section of it, and if there was any planning to be done he thought they had the organisation at their finger-tips to work out any such plans. He had great pleasure in moving the adoption of the president's report. (Applause.)
MR. D. J. NUGENT, seconding, said he had

MR. D. J. NUGENT, seconding, said he had known that if any difficulties cropped up during Mr. Cremen's year of office they would be dealt with properly. Under his chairmanship the Council had handled in masterly fashion any difficulties that arose, and he wished to thank the president for the good work he had done.

THE PRESIDENT, replying to the motion, which was carried with acclamation, said he had concentrated so much on the apprenticeship

question because during the past four years over 600 apprentices had come into pharmacy. The writing was on the wall, and unless pharmacists did something they would probably face chaos. (Hear, hear.)

MR. P. A. BRADY suggested that the portion of the president's address dealing with the apprenticeship problem should be circulated to each member individually, in addition to what had appeared in the trade Press; so that the position would be brought home to all concerned.—MR. G. C. O'Neill seconded, and the proposition was unanimously agreed.

proposition was unanimously agreed.

MR. E. MacMahon said the economic side of the problem would have to be tackled. He suggested that chemists should close for the dinner-hour except perhaps in the centre of the City, where there were large staffs.—MR. George Batt said that in his area of Sandymount chemists, by agreement, closed for an hour-and-a-quarter for dinner, and the agreement had been loyally carried out by everyone.

Mr. Fred Storey, Belfast, said he had been asked by the president of the Northern Society to convey his good wishes to the Pharmaceutical Society of Ireland. He (Mr. Storey) looked upon it as an annual fixture to come down to Dublin to meet his old friends at the Society's annual meeting. He had listened closely to the masterly way in which the president had dealt with the various problems confronting pharmacy in Eire. He was sorry to see some of his old friends drop out of the Council, but glad to see that the doyen of pharmacy (Sir Thomas Robinson) remained. The problem in the south was too many apprentices, but up north it was lack of apprentices. So many young people had gone into war industries it was a worry in the north to get apprentices at all, but when the factories closed down there would be a drift back to pharmacy. He had never seen such a big attendance at an annual meeting. At the first annual meeting of the Society he had attended fifteen had been present, and all sat round the table. He was glad to see so many men from the provinces elected to the Council, because the country problems were different from those of the city, and the country should have ade quate representation. He congratulated all present on showing such a great interest in pharmacy. (Applause.)

#### Treasurer's Report

Mr. P. C. Cahill, submitting his report as treasurer, said: "There is nothing very unusua about the accounts we have to consider to-night They are more or less in keeping with those of the past eight or ten years. A few items cal for particular comment, and other matters car be raised in general discussion." Total incommamounted to £3,648, against £3,451 in 1943. The number of licentiates paying annual subscriptions increased each year during the past twenty years or so. In 1924 the income from this souro was £624, in 1934 £905, and in 1943 £1,151. It was most satisfactory that the vast majority of licentiates practising in Eire contributed the Society's upkeep. In Preliminary registration fees an increase of £67 over the previou year indicated a small increase in the number of

registered apprentices. In this connexion he had seen it suggested by an anonymous correspondent in one of the trade journals [Not The Chemist and Druggist.—Editor] that the Council was not sincere in its attitude in the matter of apprentices. It was suggested that, while the Council publicly appealed to members to reduce the number of apprentices taken, it secretly hoped for the largest possible entry, so as to enable the Council to produce attractive balance sheets. Such a statement was nonsense and grossly unfair to the Council. If finance could solve the overcrowding problem members would, he thought, be prepared to make heavy financial sacrifices. The only notable decrease in revenue was in registration fees, the amount received under this heading being £753, or £117 less than in the previous year. This was accounted for by the fact that a smaller number of students had passed the Final examination. On the other side of the accounts expenditure was up a mere £9 on the previous year. Most items showed the small increase members might expect but, with one exception, they did not call for any special comment. The exception was the figure for general expenses, which was more than double that of last year. The princi-pal items accounting for this were a valuation of the premises made at the beginning of the year, grants to the students' rugby and camogie clubs, a grant to the new students' representative council, and an increase in auditors' fees. The valuation of the premises had been approved at the previous annual meeting, and had a earing on the balance sheet. Members would, he thought, agree that the Society was justified n doing everything possible to encourage those willing to organise recreational facilities for students. The treasurer of the students' representative council had arranged that his accounts should be audited each year by the Society's auditor. The Society finished up the year with what, in the ordinary way, would be a surplus of £1,178, against £992 in the previous year, but as they were depreciating their premises by £500, the result was a surplus of £678.

#### Advance Fees

The most outstanding item on the balance sheet on the liability side was £2,073, fees received in advance, the corresponding figure in the previous year being £1,444. This represented, in the main, fees paid in advance for the schools of botany, materia medica, pharmacy and chemistry, and included fees as far ahead as 1947. The booking by students of school places years in advance was getting completely out of control, and constituted a serious problem. The position had been reviewed by the Schools Committee recently, and certain recommendations drafted for consideration by the Council.

The balance to credit of the capital account at the opening of the financial year was £10,898. Add to that the surplus for the year under eview and the total became £11,576. On the issets side there was approximately £850 cash in hand and on current bank account. At the beginning of each year the Council examined

the financial position, and any large surplus not required for ordinary expenditure was suitably invested. The same procedure would, he thought, be followed that year. An additional \$\mathcal{t}\_2\$,000 had been invested during the year, and the Society's holdings now amounted to \$\mathcal{t}\_9\$,591, with a market value of over \$\mathcal{t}\_1\$,000. The final item he wanted to comment on was premises, which appeared in the previous year's balance sheet at \$\mathcal{t}\_3\$,188. Members might recall that at the previous annual meeting they had approved a proposal to write down this sum. Provision at the rate of \$\mathcal{t}\_5\$00 had been made in this year's accounts, so that the premises now appeared at \$\mathcal{t}\_2\$,688. The procedure of writing down would be continued in future years, though in smaller sums, until the premises appeared at approximately \$\mathcal{t}\_2\$,000. Members would appreciate that, while a sale of the premises might realise \$\mathcal{t}\_3\$,000, it might equally realise only \$\mathcal{t}\_2\$,000. Mr. Cabill concluded by expressing appreciation to the registrar and Miss Hyland for the help they gave him in his capacity as treasurer.

gave him in his capacity as treasurer.

Mr. W. C. Cunningham, proposing the adoption of the treasurer's report, said they would all agree that the writing off of £500 on the premises was a step in the right direction, because at some future date the Society might decide to extend the present premises, or move to a new place. The report was satisfactory, and showed the Society to be in a sound financial position.—Mr. D. Warnick, seconding, said the Council were to be congratulated on having Mr. Cahill at the head of their finances.

#### Benevolent Fund

The report was passed unanimously, and Mr. Cahill then, reporting on the Benevolent Fund, said the most obvious feature of the year's report was the Fund's indebtedness to Mr. Collis and the members of his committee for helping to achieve the largest income since the fund had been started. Out of a total income of £465, no less than £321 came from the committee. The balance of income was made up as follows: Subscriptions, £34; income from investments, £100; sundry receipts, £9. Expenditure was £168, and there was a balance of income over expenditure of £294. During the year the Council had invested £200, making the total investment £3,000, with a market value of roughly £3,300. Interest from this source was about £100 per annum. As in the previous year, the fund was administered by a joint committee of members of the Council and of the dance committee. It met at the beginning of each month, considered all applications received, and made appropriate recommendations to the Council. Last year the Society paid out £168, the largest in the history of the fund. Grants made had covered such things as illness, rent payments, funeral expenses, destitution due to unemployment, clothing, etc. The committee was most anxious that instances of people requiring the assistance of the fund should be brought to their notice. Sometimes the people involved hesitated to approach the Council, but members were free to sponsor such cases, and information would be regarded as confidential.

(To be concluded)

# TRADE REPORT

Spot quotations for pharmaceutical chemicals, crude drugs and essential oils represent the prices for wholesale quantities of standard quality. C.i.f. quotations do not include marine war risk insurance and other abnormal charges payable in the present emergency

# 28 Essex Street, W.C.2, October 18

GENERAL conditions in the London drug and chemical markets show no perceptible improvement over those recorded last week. Features of interest are lacking, and prices show a high degree of stability, changes amounting in most instances to only a few pence either way. A moderate business continues in Pharmaceutical Chemicals, mostly in items required for immediate

consumption.

While a few odd bales of CRUDE DRUGS are being regularly sold, general trade is of no great consequence. Prices, with one or two small exceptions, are about as previously quoted. Buyers of Cape Aloes are anxiously awaiting further offers from the source, pending which no business is possible. Benzoin is again shown at the higher figure recorded last week. ERGOT continues in short supply, with the price firm. No business in Menthol seems possible with Brazil at present. Good-testing Ceylon Papain may now be obtained on spot. New prices for Beeswax, operative since October 16, are announced; supplies continue to be available only through members of the Association of Merchant-Distributors of Beeswax, Ltd.

Conditions in Essential Oils are unchanged. The list of essential oils imported by the Ministry of Food for distribution under the 1944 programme is again shown. A few oils outside the scope of the scheme may still be available, but high prices would be required. No further alterations have been notified in fixed oils.

# Pharmaceutical Chemicals

Benzoic acid.—Supplies are stated to be moderate. Price, 3s. to 3s. 6d. per lb., according to quantity.

Boric acid.—B.P. quality is quoted by makers as follows: Granulated, £70 per ton; crystal, £71; powder, £72. Packed in one-cwt. bags, delivered carriage paid in Great Britain in one-ton lots and upwards. Commercial grades, £8 per ton less.

CREAM OF TARTAR.—Controlled prices for the smaller quantities are as follows: Less than 7 lb., 2s. rod. per lb.; 7 lb.-14 lb., 2s.  $9\frac{1}{2}d.$ ; 14 lb.-28 lb., 2s. 9d. For the full schedule, see  $C.\ \&\ D.$ , May 20, p. 555.

Lactates.—Prices are unchanged as follows: Lactic acid.—Six-winchester lots, 2s. 10d.

per lb.; smaller quantities, 2s. 11d. CALCIUM LACTÀTE.—Small quantities, 2s. 3d. per lb. CALCIUM SODIUM LACTATE.—Powder, small lots, 3s. 5d. per lb.; 14-lb., 3s. 2d.; 28-lb., 3s., granular, one penny per lb. extra.

Phenolphthalein.—No change in makers' prices, as follows: Less than 7 lb., 4s. 6d. per lb.; 7 lb., 4s. 5d.; 14 lb., 4s. 4d.; 28 lb., 4s. 3d.;

I cwt., 4s. 2d.

PILOCARPINE.—Makers quote at the following rates per oz.: Base, I oz., 275.; 4 oz., 215. 3d.; 8 oz., 20s. 9d.; 25 oz., 20s. 3d. Nitrate, I oz., 18s. 6d.; 4 oz., 18s.; 25 oz., 17s. 6d.

Santonin.—Home trade prices are as follows: 10 kilos and over, £62; not less than 5 kilos, £63; 2-4 kilos, £64; 1 kilo, £65; 500 gm., £66; 250 gm., £67; 100 gm., £68; less than 100 gm., £69 per kilo. Carriage paid in United Kingdom.

TERPINEOL.—Pure medicinal quality is available at from 3s. 3d. to 4s. per lb. for antiseptics of the chloroxylenol type.

Vanillin.—The agreed prices are unchanged as follows: 5 cwt., 21s. per lb.; 1 cwt., 21s. 3d.; 56 lb., 21s. 6d.; less than 56 lb., 21s. 9d. per lb.

# Crude Drugs

Aloes.—Buyers are anxiously awaiting further offers from South Africa.

Areca nurs.—Spot price of wormy material is steady at 95s. per cwt., ex store.

Balsams.—Peru is firm at 7s. 9d. per lb.; Canada is quoted at 9s. 9d. to 10s.; Tolu and Copaiba are unobtainable.

Benzoin.—Sumatra, £50 per cwt. paid, with no further supplies available at that figure.

CARDAMOMS.—Aleppy greens may be obtained on spot at 5s. 6d. per lb.; Aleppy seed, 6s. 6d.; split seed, 5s. 6d.

Chaulmoogra.—Hydnocarpus, spot, is. 6d. per lb., in tins in cases.

CLOVES.—Zanzibar, firm on spot at is.  $4\frac{1}{2}d$ . per lb.; no other varieties are offered.

COCONUT (DESICCATED).—Ministry of Food Order controls the price at 49s. per cwt.

DIGITALIS LEAVES.—Unchanged. Portuguese leaves, 140s. per cwt.; English leaves, 2s. 6d. per lb.

Dragon's bloop.—Dull Zanzibar drop continues nominal at £25 per cwt.

Ergot.—Good-quality material would probably not be available on spot at under 6s. 6d. per 1b.

Gum acacia.—Kordofan cleaned sorts, firm on spot at 80s. per cwt.; bleached, spot, 185s. Talha, cleaned, 50s. per cwt., landed.

JABORANDI.—Stocks are small, but price is unchanged at 52s. 6d. per cwt. for spot supplies,

KAMALA.—Material yielding 6 per cent. ash may still be obtained at 2s. 6d. per lb.

MENTHOL.—No business seems possible with Brazil for the time being.

MYRRH.—Fair-quality Aden sorts is firm on spot at £20 per cwt.

Nux vomica.—Cochin, spot, steady at 12s. 6d. per cwt.; shipment, 35s., c.i.f.; cocanada seed, shipment, 32s. 6d. per cwt., c.i.f.

PAPAIN.—Good-testing Ceylon is available at 8s. 6d. per lb.

Pimento.—Sellers on spot at is. 4d. per lb.

Quassia.—Spot steady at 37s. 6d. to 40s. rer cwt., according to quantity.

QUILLAIA BARK.—Crushed or cut, spot, 95s. per cwt.; natural, 75s.; shipment, 65s., c.i.f.

RHUBARB.—Rough-round and flat high-dried quoted at 12s. to 12s. 6d. per lb.

SEEDS.—Quiet conditions obtain, with quoted values unchanged. Coriander.—Indian, 75s. per cwt. Cumin.—Maltese, spot, 105s.; Indian, 100s. Dill.—105s., ex wharf. Fennel.—Offered at 85s. Fenugreek.—May be had at 30s. Mustard.—Controlled prices are unhanged.

SENNA.—Alexandrian medium pods are at 4s. per lb.; Tinnevelly, manufacturing grade, 6d. to 6½d.; hand-picked, 8½d. to 1s.; broken llexandrian leaves, 1s. 3d. to 1s. 4d.; siftings, 1s. 2d.; Tinnevelly, No. 1, 9d. to 10½d.; No. 2, 7d. to 7½d.; No. 3, 5½d. to 6d.

SQUILL.—Portuguese bulb is unchanged on spot at 75s. per cwt.; Indian is at 6os.

STRAMONIUM LEAVES.—East Indian leaves may be obtained on spot at 80s. to 85s. per cwt.

STROPHANTHUS SEED.—Spot quotations for too per cent. Kombé seed are steady at 7s. to 7s. 6d. per lb., according to quantity.

TRAGACANTH.—Medium grades are quoted as collows: No. 1, white, £130 per cwt.; No. 2, white, £115; No. 3, white, £100; No. 4, white, £50; pale leaf, £60; amber leaf, £50; dark amber, £40; brown leaf, £30; red-and-brown eaf, £25; red-leaf, from £20; hoggy, £12 to £15.

Turmeric.—Steady at 60s. per cwt. for sound-quality Madras finger.

VALERIAN ROOT.—Indian root is quoted on pot at 100s. per cwt.

Waxes.—Bees'.—Supplies continue to be vailable only through members of the Association of Merchant-Distributors of Beeswax, Ltd., at the following prices per cwt., delivered at tore U.K., effective from October 16, for ton ots: Madagascar crude, 205s. to 230s.; other orts of crude, 238s. to 245s. (Calcutta sorts mavailable); British refined, 275s. to 305s.; British bleached slabs, 300s.; British bleached slabs, 300s.; British bleached slabs, 30s.; J.Cts of under one ton, at premiums is follows: 10-20 cwt., 2s. 6d. per cwt.; 1-10 cwt., 5s. per cwt.; 1-5 cwt., 10s. per wt.; under 1 cwt. at premiums as arranged by Association members at their discretion. Larnauba.—Fatty grey, 455s. to 475s. per

cwt., ex store, in minimum one-bag lots; shipment, 400s., c.i.f.; Primeira, 530s. to 550s. per cwt., ex store; shipment, 460s., c.i.f.; medium yellow, nominal; shipment, 450s., c.i.f.; chalky grey, nominal; shipment, 380s., c.i.f. (c.i.f. prices include ½ per cent. W.R.I.). CAN-DELILLA.—Under I ton, 220s. per cwt.; I-5 tons, 217s. 6d.; 5 tons and over, 215s., ex store. Ouricuri.—Spot, 300s. to 330s. per cwt., as to quality; shipment, 285s., c.i.f.

# Essential and Expressed Oils

ANISE (STAR).—Price is nominal at about 160s. per lb.; supply position is unchanged.

Castor.—Official quotation for "firsts" is unchanged at £92 per ton, and for "seconds" at £90, both naked ex works, in bulk quantities.

CLOVE.—English distillers quote at 12s. 6d. to 13s. per lb., according to quantity.

COCONUT.—Refined deodorised is officially priced at £49 per ton, and refined hardened deodorised at £53, for bulk supplies.

NUTMEG.—English-distilled oil is quoted at 35s. per lb., with lower prices for quantities.

#### Essential Oils Control

THE following is a schedule of prices to users in original packages for oils imported by the Ministry of Food for distribution under the 1944 programme:—

Basil . . . . . . 25s. 8d., plus duty, 2s. 3d. Bergamot . . . . 23s. 10½d.

Camphor .. 233. 102d.

Caraway . . . 20s. 9½d., plus duty, 1s. 10d.
Cedarwood . . . 3s. 8½d., plus duty,

3\frac{3}{4}d,
Clary sage .. . 129s. 1\frac{1}{2}d., plus duty,

ris. 6d.
Coriander .. .. 128s. 10d., plus duty,

Fennel ... 11s. 6d., plus duty, 1s.

Lemon, cold-pressed, or Sicilian . . . 17s.  $4\frac{1}{2}$ d.

Lemon, distilled ... 11s. 9d.

Is. 7½d.

Peppermint .. . . 37s. Tangerine .. . . 33s.

Vetivert ... 38s. 4d., plus duty, 3s. 5d.

Wormseed .. . 15s. 3½d.

Ylang-ylang .. . 15s. 3½d., plus duty, 1s. 4d.

"C. & D." Quiz No. 39.—The answers to the questions on page 427 are: I. Dryden. 2. Runge, 1834. 3. A. W. Wheatley, 1876. 4. From the French, "jardin." 5. On an Assyrian tablet, now in the British Museum. 6. Salford, Lancs. 7. Potassium manganate. 8. Tungsten; or the ore from which tungsten is obtained. 9. 1530, in the Bermannus of Agricola. 10. Antimony oxychloride.

# CORRESPONDENCE

# Authority to Negotiate

SIR,—Surely Mr. Granville Shaw is not suggesting (C. & D., October 7, p. 390) that it is not the duty of the Pharmaceutical Society to consider our present problems fundamentally from the standpoint of an improved pharmaceutical service! Has Mr. Shaw any doubt in his own mind that, if a plebiscite of the Society's members were taken on this question, the vast majority would support the Society? If we continue to place the commercial side above the professional we shall have to face, at no distant date, the loss of all professional recognition. The time has come when we should claim our rightful place in the public health services of the country, and we should take courage from the present Government, which has put forward its social scheme without considering overmuch the susceptibilities of vested interests. Would your correspondent explain to us why purely financial groups should be represented on the joint committee, which, as I understand it, is working out the details of a pharmaceutical service for the nation? These groups are not pharmacists, indeed the ownership is mainly non-pharmaceutical. If Mr. Granville Shaw's intention was to put in a plea for the pharmacist employees or the qualified branch managers of these groups to be considered, I would agree with him.

Middlesbrough. A. W. HARRISON.

# **Employee Organisation**

SIR,—Without unity in our ranks based on our common qualifications, pharmacy, in a professional sense, can make little or no headway. We have in pharmacy too many employee organisations, and the clearly-worded statement issued by the Association of Scientific Workers (C. & D., October 14, p. 416) should be read and pondered over by every employee pharmacist. It is realised that the most that trade unions can do for pharmacy is to attempt to get for every employee the wage which the best employers are willing to pay. The A.Sc.W. is not so much concerned about the pharmacist in a purely commercial sense. The organisation accepts him for what he undoubtedly is, by virtue of his having passed a professional examination. The purpose of professional organisation is to provide a clear line of demarcation between the qualified and the unqualified. Apart from the National Pharmaceutical

Employees' Union, I think that the A.Sc.W. is the only organisation which is prepared to accept as members all employee pharmacists irrespective of how engaged. The Association having firmly declaimed its policy, I suggest that the time is now ripe when the N.P.E.U. could usefully merge with it. I further suggest that a united appeal would meet with the support and approval of the great majority of employee pharmacists.

Saltburn-by-Sea. K. F. WARING.

#### Essential Oils Control

SIR,-In the market reports of certain journals there is published a list of a few essential oils which are described as "Controlled Oils," together with market prices for what are sometimes called "free" oils. We find that this gives the impression, particularly abroad, that only those oils listed as controlled are the subject of control, and that all other oils are "free." This is an entirely erroneous impression, to which we feel we should draw your attention. The scheme governing the importation and distribution of essential oils, which was issued under the authority of the Ministry of Food and came into operation on July 1, 1943, applies to all essential oils imported since that date. Some oils, in particular those received from the U.S.A. and Sicily, are imported by the Ministry, and in the case of these oils it is possible to calculate exactly the price to be paid by the user, and prices for these oils have been published. A new and revised list has just been issued. In the case of oils imported under licence, however, it is not possible to lay down the exact price to the user, because this is affected by various factors, notably marine and war insurance, which cause slight variations. It is not, therefore, possible to publish prices for these oils, but exactly the same measure of control exists as in the case of oils imported by the Ministry. When the control came into operation there were in this country certain stocks of essential oils imported under licences which did not impose any restrictions. These stocks were not brought within the scope of the scheme and are, therefore, free of control; they can therefore be sold on the open market, and in such cases two prices may exist for the same oil.

Essential Oils Advisory Committee, ARTHUR T. WHEELER, Chairman. London, E.C.3.

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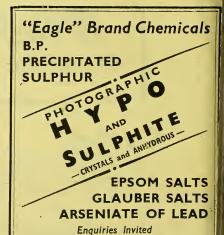
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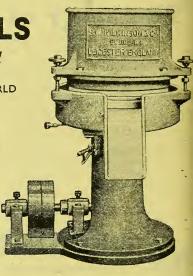
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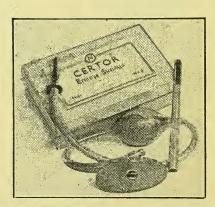
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